

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Financial Statements and
Independent Auditor's Report
Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021
(Stock Code: 5289)

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Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report for the Years
Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021
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Innodisk Corporation

Declaration of Consolidated Financial of Affiliated Enterprises

For the year 2022 (January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022), the companies that should be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliated companies in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Consolidated Statements of Operations of Affiliated Companies and Related Party Reports” are the same as those that should be included in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies in accordance with IFRS 10, and the information required to be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliated companies has already been disclosed in the aforementioned consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies. The relevant information has been disclosed in the aforementioned consolidated financial statements of the parent and subsidiary, and therefore no separate consolidated financial statements of the related companies are prepared.

Hereby declare,

Company name: Innodisk Corporation

Responsible Person: Chien, Chuan-Sheng

February 23, 2023

Independent Auditor's Report

(112) Cai-Shen-Bao-Zi #22003847

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Innodisk Corporation:

Opinion

We have duly audited the consolidated balance sheet of Innodisk Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Group") as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flow statement from January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021 as well as notes to the consolidated financial statements (including the summary of significant accounting policies).

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above have been prepared, in all material respects, in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, and IFRIC Interpretations and SIC Interpretation as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and are fairly stated in terms of the consolidated financial position of Innodisk Corporation and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows from January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Basis for opinion

We conducted the audit in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountant and the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant in the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

A key audit matter is one that, in our professional judgment, is material to the examination of the consolidated financial statements of Innodisk Corporation and its subsidiaries for 2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2022 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

Key audit matter –Inventory Evaluation

Description

With respect to the accounting policy for inventory valuation, please refer to Note 4 (13) of the consolidated financial statements. For the uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions applied in inventory valuation, please refer to Note 5 (2). For the accounting entries of inventory, please refer to Note 6 (5).

Innodisk Group mainly manufactures and sells industrial storage devices and memory modules. Due to technological changes and price fluctuation of key raw materials, Innodisk's inventory is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value and at the same time supplemented by separate identification of the usability of long-term inventory to recognize valuation loss. As the inventory valuation of Innodisk involves subjective judgment and the valuation is material to consolidated financial statements, we consider the inventory valuation as one of the key matters for audit.

How our audit addressed the matter

The scope of our audit responded to the risk as follows:

1. Understand the inventory allowance evaluation and presentation policy, and confirm the adoption of the provision policy for the inventory evaluation loss during the financial statement period.
2. Obtain the statement of the net realizable value of each inventory, confirm its calculation logic, test the relevant parameters, including the source data of the sales data file and the relevant supporting evaluation documents, and recalculate the allowance evaluation loss that should be accrued after each item number compares its cost with the net realizable value, whichever is lower.
3. Obtain an inventory aging report to conduct inventory aging test. Random sampling of inventory and compare inventory transaction records to confirm the classification of aging intervals.
4. Compared current and previous year's allowance for valuation of inventory loss and reviewed the reasonableness of allowance recognized.

Key audit matter –Existence of Sales Revenue

Description

For the accounting policy of income recognition, please refer to Note 4 (30) of the consolidated financial statements. For the description of accounting entries of sales income, please refer to Note 6 (20).

Innodisk Group is mainly engaged in the research, development, manufacturing and sales of industrial storage devices and memory modules. Because product diversification and innovation affect changes to the top ten customers' sales and the large transactions with top ten customers require much resources in audit, we have listed the existence of sales revenue of the top ten customers as one of the important items for audit.

How our audit addressed the matter

The scope of our audit responded to the risk as follows:

1. Obtained an understanding of the process and basis of sales revenue recognition and collection with the top ten customers to evaluate the effectiveness of internal control of sales revenue recognition by the management, and test the effectiveness of internal control on shipping, billing and payment collection.
2. Obtain the evaluation data of the top ten customers, search for relevant information and verify them.
3. Test if the credit conditions for the top ten customers have been properly approved.
4. Selected samples of details of sales for the top ten customers to verify the related vouchers and status of subsequent payment collection.
5. Obtain details of sales returns in the subsequent period of the top ten customers and examine the status of sales returns.

Other Matters -- Individual Financial Report

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion on the parent company only financial statements of the Innodisk Corporation for the years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

The responsibility of management is to prepare consolidated financial statements that present fairly the financial position of the Group in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and to maintain such internal control relevant to the preparation of consolidated financial statements as is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the Audit Committee, are responsible for overseeing the Innodisk Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance means a high level of assurance, but an audit conducted in accordance with the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards of the Republic of China does not provide assurance that material misstatements in the consolidated financial statements can be detected. Misstatements can arise from error or fraud. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

We exercised professional judgment and professional suspicion when conducting the audit in accordance with the auditing standards of the Republic of China. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and execution of the Group's audits, and for forming an opinion on the audit of the Group.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the governance unit, we determined the key audit matters for the audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements of 2022. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Yeh, Tsui Miao

Huang, Shih-Chun

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

February 23, 2023

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Balance Sheet
December 31, 2022 and 2021

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

Assets	Note	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		
		Amount	%	Amount	%	
Current assets						
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6 (1)	\$ 4,000,049	43	\$ 2,137,891	26
1136	Current financial assets at amortised cost	6 (3)	-	-	600,000	8
1150	Notes receivable	6 (4)	2,565	-	1,986	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6 (4)	1,418,794	15	1,554,637	19
1180	Accounts receivable -- related parties	6 (4) and 7 (2)	109	-	2	-
1200	Other receivables		5,217	-	6,139	-
1210	Other receivables -- related parties	7 (2)	52	-	42	-
1220	Current income tax assets	6 (27)	2,741	-	494	-
130X	Inventories	6 (5)	1,158,475	12	1,664,349	20
1410	Prepayments		61,317	1	102,658	1
11XX	Current Assets		<u>6,649,319</u>	<u>71</u>	<u>6,068,198</u>	<u>74</u>
Non-current assets						
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6 (2)	27,839	1	-	-
1535	Non-current financial assets at amortized cost	6 (3) and 8	10,706	-	10,706	-
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method	6 (6)	12,953	-	18,738	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6 (7) and 8	2,138,510	23	1,616,786	20
1755	Right-of-use assets	6 (8)	207,483	2	206,101	2
1760	Investment property, net	6 (10) and 8	119,318	1	99,351	1
1780	Intangible assets	6 (21)	44,117	1	47,137	1
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6 (27)	85,157	1	76,339	1
1920	Refundable deposit		5,535	-	4,571	-
1990	Other non-current assets - others	6 (7)	-	-	83,511	1
15XX	Non-current assets		<u>2,651,618</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>2,163,240</u>	<u>26</u>
1XXX	Total Assets		<u>\$ 9,300,937</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 8,231,438</u>	<u>100</u>

(Continued)

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Balance Sheet
December 31, 2022 and 2021

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

Liabilities and Equity	Note	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		
		Amount	%	Amount	%	
Current liabilities						
2130	Current contract liabilities	6 (20)	\$ 42,079	-	\$ 31,810	-
2170	Accounts payable		706,617	8	956,657	12
2180	Accounts payable -- related parties	7 (2)	65	-	385	-
2200	Other payables	6 (12)	607,012	7	489,380	6
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6 (27)	212,868	2	292,912	4
2250	Provisions for liabilities-current	6 (16)	69,111	1	59,851	1
2280	Current lease liabilities		36,406	-	21,312	-
2320	Long-term liabilities -- current portion	6 (13)	11,006	-	2,193	-
2399	Other current liabilities, others		6,276	-	6,021	-
21XX	Current Liabilities		<u>1,691,440</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>1,860,521</u>	<u>23</u>
Non-current liabilities						
2540	Long-term loans	6 (13)	310,070	3	140,461	2
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities:	6 (27)	4,397	-	8,279	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities		174,007	2	187,265	2
2645	Guarantee deposit received	7 (2)	1,586	-	1,402	-
25XX	Non-current Liabilities		<u>490,060</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>337,407</u>	<u>4</u>
2XXX	Total liabilities		<u>2,181,500</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>2,197,928</u>	<u>27</u>
Equity attributable to owners of parent						
Share capital						
3110	Share capital - common stock	6 (17)	865,531	10	826,680	10
Capital surplus						
3200	Capital surplus	6 (18)	1,356,462	15	1,213,829	14
Retained earnings						
3310	Legal reserve	6 (19)	766,831	8	610,743	8
3320	Special reserve		13,147	-	5,438	-
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		4,011,820	43	3,317,446	40
Other equity interests						
3400	Other equity interests		(924)	-	(13,147)	-
31XX	Total equity attributable to owners of parent		<u>7,012,867</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>5,960,989</u>	<u>72</u>
36XX	Non-controlling interest		<u>106,570</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>72,521</u>	<u>1</u>
3XXX	Total equity		<u>7,119,437</u>	<u>77</u>	<u>6,033,510</u>	<u>73</u>
Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contract commitments						
Significant events after the balance sheet date						
3X2X	Total Liabilities and Equity		<u>\$ 9,300,937</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 8,231,438</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction.

Chairman: Chien, Chuan-Sheng

Manager: Chien, Chuan-Sheng

Head of Accounting: Hsiao, Wen-Kui

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

Expressed in Thousands of NTD
(Except for earnings per share)

Item	Note	2022		2021	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
4000 Operating revenue	6 (20) and 7 (2)	\$ 10,303,229	100	\$ 10,195,658	100
5000 Operating costs	6 (5) and 7 (2)	(6,844,611)	(66)	(7,103,440)	(70)
5950 Gross profit before unrealized gross profit on sales to subsidiaries		<u>3,458,618</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>3,092,218</u>	<u>30</u>
Operating expenses	6 (25) and 7 (2)				
6100 Selling expenses		(601,799)	(6)	(463,863)	(4)
6200 General and administrative expenses		(465,302)	(5)	(483,752)	(5)
6300 Research and development expenses		(332,000)	(3)	(194,129)	(2)
6450 Expected loss on credit impairment	12 (2)	(20,056)	-	(1,228)	-
6000 Total operating expenses		<u>(1,419,157)</u>	<u>(14)</u>	<u>(1,142,972)</u>	<u>(11)</u>
6900 Operating profit		<u>2,039,461</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>1,949,246</u>	<u>19</u>
Non-operating income and expenses					
7100 Interest income	6 (21)	14,248	-	5,860	-
7010 Other income	6 (22) and 7 (2)	16,571	-	51,745	-
7020 Other gains and losses	6 (23)	209,316	2	(23,956)	-
7050 Finance cost	6 (24)	(7,484)	-	(2,987)	-
7060 Shares of losses of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6 (6)	(5,785)	-	(7,854)	-
7000 Total non-operating income and expenses		<u>226,866</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>22,808</u>	<u>-</u>
7900 Profit before income tax		<u>2,266,327</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>1,972,054</u>	<u>19</u>
7950 Income tax expense	6 (27)	(385,039)	(4)	(390,173)	(4)
8200 Profit for the year		<u>\$ 1,881,288</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>\$ 1,581,881</u>	<u>15</u>

(Continued)

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

Expressed in Thousands of NTD
(Except for earnings per share)

Item	Note	2022		2021	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
Other comprehensive income					
Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
8316	Unrealized appraisal gains and losses of equity instrument investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	(\$ 2,131)	-	\$ -	-
8310	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(2,131)	-	-	-
Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss					
8361	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	14,354	-	(7,729)	-
8360	Components of other comprehensive loss that will be reclassified to profit or loss	14,354	-	(7,729)	-
8300	Other comprehensive profit (loss) for the period, net of tax	<u>\$ 12,223</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(\$ 7,729)</u>	<u>-</u>
8500	Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>\$ 1,893,511</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>\$ 1,574,152</u>	<u>15</u>
Profit attributable to:					
8610	Owners of the parent	\$ 1,850,189	18	\$ 1,560,888	15
8620	Non-controlling interest	31,099	-	20,993	-
	Profit for the year	<u>\$ 1,881,288</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>\$ 1,581,881</u>	<u>15</u>
Comprehensive income attributable to					
8710	Owners of the parent	\$ 1,862,412	18	\$ 1,553,179	15
8720	Non-controlling interest	31,099	-	20,973	-
	Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>\$ 1,893,511</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>\$ 1,574,152</u>	<u>15</u>
Basic earnings per share					
9750	Profit for the year	<u>\$</u>	<u>21.46</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>18.39</u>
Diluted earnings per share					
9850	Profit for the year	<u>\$</u>	<u>21.23</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>18.08</u>

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction.

Chairman: Chien, Chuan-Sheng

Manager: Chien, Chuan-Sheng

Head of Accounting: Hsiao, Wen-Kui

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

	Equity attributable to owners of parent										
	Note	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings			Other equity interests		Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
				Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealized appraisal gains and losses of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income			
<u>2021</u>											
Balance as of January 1, 2021		\$ 813,240	\$ 1,082,702	\$ 517,734	\$ 4,080	\$ 2,403,928	(\$ 5,438)	\$ -	\$ 4,816,246	\$ 48,815	\$ 4,865,061
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	1,560,888	-	-	1,560,888	20,993	1,581,881
Other comprehensive profit and loss for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(7,709)	-	(7,709)	(20)	(7,729)
Total comprehensive profit and loss for the year		-	-	-	-	1,560,888	(7,709)	-	1,553,179	20,973	1,574,152
Appropriations and of 2020 earnings	6 (19)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal reserve		-	-	93,009	-	(93,009)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	1,358	(1,358)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	(553,003)	-	-	(553,003)	-	(553,003)
Share-based payment	6 (15)	-	19,973	-	-	-	-	-	19,973	-	19,973
Exercise of employee share options	6 (17)	13,440	111,055	-	-	-	-	-	124,495	-	124,495
Share-based remuneration for employees of subsidiaries		-	99	-	-	-	-	-	99	2,733	2,832
Balance as of December 31, 2021		\$ 826,680	\$ 1,213,829	\$ 610,743	\$ 5,438	\$ 3,317,446	(\$ 13,147)	\$ -	\$ 5,960,989	\$ 72,521	\$ 6,033,510
<u>January 1 to December 31, 2022</u>											
Balance as of January 1, 2022		\$ 826,680	\$ 1,213,829	\$ 610,743	\$ 5,438	\$ 3,317,446	(\$ 13,147)	\$ -	\$ 5,960,989	\$ 72,521	\$ 6,033,510
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	1,850,189	-	-	1,850,189	31,099	1,881,288
Other comprehensive profit and loss for the year		-	-	-	-	-	14,354	(2,131)	12,223	-	12,223
Total comprehensive profit and loss for the year		-	-	-	-	1,850,189	14,354	(2,131)	1,862,412	31,099	1,893,511
Appropriation and distribution of 2021 earnings	6 (19)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal reserve		-	-	156,088	-	(156,088)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	7,709	(7,709)	-	-	-	-	-
Stock dividends		24,801	-	-	-	(24,801)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	(967,217)	-	-	(967,217)	-	(967,217)
Share-based payment	6 (15)	-	31,447	-	-	-	-	-	31,447	-	31,447
Exercise of employee share options	6 (17)	14,050	110,918	-	-	-	-	-	124,968	-	124,968
Share-based remuneration for employees of subsidiaries		-	268	-	-	-	-	-	268	2,950	3,218
Balance as of December 31, 2022		\$ 865,531	\$ 1,356,462	\$ 766,831	\$ 13,147	\$ 4,011,820	\$ 1,207	(\$ 2,131)	\$ 7,012,867	\$ 106,570	\$ 7,119,437

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction.

Chairman: Chien, Chuan-Sheng

Manager: Chien, Chuan-Sheng

Head of Accounting: Hsiao, Wen-Kui

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow
January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

	Note	January 1 to December 31, 2022	January 1 to December 31, 2021
<u>Cash flow from operating activities</u>			
Profit before income tax for the year		\$ 2,266,327	\$ 1,972,054
Adjustments:			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)			
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	6 (25)	97,474	67,274
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	6 (25)	29,827	28,566
Amortization charges on the intangible assets and deferred assets.	6 (25)	26,074	24,851
Depreciation charges on investment property	6 (23)	1,398	1,383
Expected loss (profit) on credit impairment	12 (2)	20,056	1,228
Loss on decline in (gain from reversal of) market value and obsolete and slow-moving inventories	6 (5)		
		53,432	132,392
Loss on scrapping inventory	6 (5)	17,048	5,195
Gain on lease modification	6 (8)	(48)	(3)
Interest income	6 (21)	(14,248)	(5,860)
Interest expense	6 (24)	7,484	2,987
Compensation cost of employee stock options	6 (15)		
		31,447	19,973
Shares of losses of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6 (6)	5,785	7,854
Gains on revaluation of investments accounted for using equity method	6 (23)	-	(2,780)
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6 (23)	35	(372)
Disposal of investment gains	6 (23)	(4,228)	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Notes receivable		(579)	(1,728)
Accounts receivable, net		115,787	(674,500)
Accounts receivable -- related parties		(107)	70
Other receivables		1,286	(2,271)
Other receivables -- related parties		(10)	231
Inventories		435,394	(1,005,066)
Prepayments		41,341	(45,432)
Changes in operating liabilities			
Current contract liabilities		10,269	(10,625)
Accounts payable		(250,040)	390,660
Accounts payable -- related parties		(320)	138
Other payables		84,680	151,432
Provisions for liabilities-current		9,260	(1,593)
Other current liabilities, others		255	(8,343)
Cash inflow generated from operations		2,985,079	1,047,715
Interest received		13,780	5,862
Income taxes paid		(483,765)	(226,750)
Net cash flows from operating activities		2,515,094	826,827

(Continued)

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow
January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

	<u>Note</u>	<u>January 1 to December 31, 2022</u>	<u>January 1 to December 31, 2021</u>
<u>Cash Flow from Investing Activities</u>			
Acquisition of non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6 (2)	(\$ 29,970)	\$ -
Decrease (increase) in current financial assets at amortized cost		600,000	(200,000)
Increase in non-current financial assets at amortized cost		-	(3,000)
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method		4,228	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6 (30)	(479,879)	(292,133)
Disposal of property, plant and equipment		104	460
Increase in refundable deposits		(2,395)	(732)
Decrease in refundable deposits		1,488	250
Acquisition of investment property	6 (10)	(26,236)	-
Acquisition of intangible assets	6 (21)	(21,974)	(24,564)
Net cash flow from acquisition of subsidiaries	6 (29)	-	(12,882)
Increase in prepayments for equipment		-	(68,802)
Increase in the other non-current assets		(7,369)	(13,223)
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities		<u>37,997</u>	<u>(614,626)</u>
<u>Cash Flow from Financing Activities</u>			
Proceeds from long-term debt	6 (31)	180,000	126,680
Repayment of long-term debt	6 (31)	(2,195)	(2,321)
Increase in guarantee deposits received	6 (31)	771	524
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	6 (31)	(599)	(332)
Cash dividends paid	6 (31)	(967,217)	(553,003)
Exercise of employee share options		124,968	124,495
Interest paid		(7,767)	(2,968)
Payment of lease liabilities	6 (31)	(29,320)	(28,110)
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(701,359)</u>	<u>(335,035)</u>
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates		10,426	521
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,862,158	(122,313)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		<u>2,137,891</u>	<u>2,260,204</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		<u>\$ 4,000,049</u>	<u>\$ 2,137,891</u>

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction.

Chairman: Chien, Chuan-Sheng

Manager: Chien, Chuan-Sheng

Head of Accounting: Hsiao, Wen-Kui

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Expressed in Thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

I. Company history

- (I) Innodisk Corporation (hereinafter referred to as the “Company”) was established in March 2005. The Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as the “Group”) mainly engage in the research, development, manufacturing and sales of various types of industrial embedded storage devices.
- (II) The Taipei Exchange reviewed the Company’s application and approved its eligibility to be publicly traded in October, 2013 and the Company became officially on the OTC board on November 27, 2013.

II. The date of authorization for issuance of the financial statements and procedures for authorization

This consolidated financial report was approved and issued by the board meeting on February 23, 2023.

III. Application of new standards, amendments, and interpretations

- (I) Effect of the adoption of new issuances or amended International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”).

The following table summarizes the new standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC and became effective from 2022:

<u>New/Amended/Revised Standards and Interpretations</u>	<u>Effective date of issuance by IASB</u>
Amendment to IFRS 3 “Reference to the conceptual framework”	January 1, 2022
Amendment to IAS 16 “Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use”	January 1, 2022
Amendment to IAS 37 “Onerous contracts—cost of fulfilling a contract”	January 1, 2022
Annual improvement to IFRS Standards 2018–2020	January 1, 2022

The Group believes that the adoption of aforementioned IFRSs will not have a significant effect on the consolidated financial position and performance.

(II) Effect of the new issuances of or amendments to IFRS as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

The following table summarizes the new standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC and effective from 2023:

New/Amended/Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective date of issuance by IASB
Amendment to IAS 1 “Disclosure of accounting policies”	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IAS 8 “Definitions of accounting estimates”	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IAS 12 “Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction”	January 1, 2023

The Group believes that the adoption of aforementioned IFRSs will not have a significant effect on the consolidated financial position and performance.

(III) IFRSs issued by the IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC.

The following table summarizes the new standards, interpretations and amendments issued by the IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC:

New/Amended/Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective date of issuance by IASB
Amendment to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 “Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture”	To be determined by IASB.
Amendment to IFRS 16 “Lease liability in a sale and leaseback”	January 1, 2024
IFRS 17 “Insurance contracts”	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17 “Insurance contracts”	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17 -- Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 - Comparative information “	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IAS 1 “ Classification of liabilities as current or non-current”	January 1, 2024
Amendment to IAS 1 “Non-current liabilities with covenants”	January 1, 2024

The Group believes that the adoption of aforementioned IFRSs will not have a significant effect on the consolidated financial position and performance.

IV. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless

otherwise stated.

(I) Compliance statement

These consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers,” International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by FSC (hereinafter collectively referred to as the “IFRSs”).

(II) Basis of preparation

1. Other than financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the consolidated financial statements are prepared based on historical cost.
2. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates, and it also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(III) Basis of consolidation

1. The basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements
 - (1) All subsidiaries are included in the Group’s consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (2) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

- (3) The profit and loss and the components of other comprehensive income attribute to the owners of the parent company and non-controlling interest. The total comprehensive income also attributes to the owners of the parent company and non-controlling interest, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
- (4) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are equity transactions, and they are considered as transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any differences between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is directly recognized in equity.

2. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Main Business Activity	Percentage of Equity Holdings		Remarks
			December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk USA Corporation	Industrial embedded storage devices	100	100	
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Japan Corporation	After-sales services and support of industrial embedded storage devices	100	100	
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Europe B.V.	After-sales services and support of industrial embedded storage devices	100	100	
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Global-M Corporation	Investment holdings	100	100	
Innodisk Corporation	Aetina Corporation	Manufacturing and sales of industrial graphics cards	74.20	74.78	Note 1
Innodisk Global-M Corporation	Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	Industrial embedded storage devices	100	100	
Innodisk Europe B.V.	Innodisk France SAS	After-sales services and support of industrial embedded storage devices	100	100	
Innodisk Corporation	Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.	Electronic parts and components manufacturing.	100	100	Note 2
Aetina Corporation	Aetina USA Corporation	After-sales service and support for industrial graphics cards	100	100	Note 3
Aetina Corporation	Aetina Europe B.V.	After-sales service and support for industrial graphics cards	100	-	Note 4

The financial statements of the abovementioned important subsidiary - Innodisk USA Corporation and other non-important subsidiaries listed in the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 were audited by the Company's independent auditors.

Note 1: Aetina Corporation, through a resolution of the shareholders' meeting on May 19, 2022, issued 200,000 shares from capital increase for the payment of employees' remuneration by shares, with August 6, 2022 as the ex-date for capital increase, the shareholding ratio of the Company decreased to 74.20%.

Aetina Corporation was approved by the shareholder meeting on May 4, 2021 to issue 200,000 shares as a capital increase for employees' remuneration and August 16, 2021 was the capital increase base date, with the Company's shareholding dropping to 74.78%.

Note 2: The Company acquired Antzer Tech Co., Ltd. on May 18, 2021 in the amount of NT\$19,889, raising the shareholding from the original 31.89% to 100%; thus, it has been included in the consolidated entities since the date of acquisition.

Note 3: Aetina Corporation established the subsidiary Aetina USA Corporation in September 2021, and the capital injection has not been completed as of December 31, 2022.

Note 4: Aetina Corporation established the subsidiary Aetina Europe B.V. in January 2022, and the capital injection has not been completed as of December 31, 2022.

3. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial report: none.
4. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: none.
5. Significant restrictions: none.
6. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: none.

(IV) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (hereinafter referred to as the "functional currency"). The functional currency of the Company is "New Taiwan dollar", and the functional currencies of subsidiaries are "New Taiwan dollar", "Renminbi", "US dollar" and "Japanese yen." The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollar, which is the Company's functional currency.

1. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (1) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using spot exchange rate at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (2) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated using spot exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising from re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (3) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated using spot exchange rate at the balance sheet date.

Their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated using spot exchange at the balance sheet date. Their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. For those which are not measured at fair value, they measured by the historical exchange rate of the initial transaction date.

- (4) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of consolidated comprehensive income within “Other gains and losses.”

2. Translation of foreign operations

- (1) The operating results and financial position of all the subsidiaries that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - A. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet.
 - B. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period.
 - C. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- (2) Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition of a foreign entity are regarded as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity, and are translated at the closing rate.

(V) Classification of current and non-current items

1. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets:

- (1) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle.
- (2) Assets held mainly for trading purposes.
- (3) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date.
- (4) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

Those that do not meet the above criteria are considered non-current.

2. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities:

- (1) Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle.
- (2) Assets held mainly for trading purposes.

- (3) Liabilities that are to be paid off within twelve months from the balance sheet date.
- (4) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Those that do not meet the above criteria are considered non-current.

(VI) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(VII) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

1. It refers to the irrevocable choice made at the time of initial recognition to report the changes in the fair value of the equity instrument investment not held for trading in other comprehensive income.
2. The Group adopts transaction-date accounting for financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income in accordance with the transaction practice.
3. The Group measures assets at the fair value plus transaction cost at the time of initial recognition, and subsequently measures at the fair value; changes in the fair value of equity instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income. At derecognition, the accumulated profits or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income shall not be reclassified to profits and losses but transferred to retained earnings. When the right to receive dividends is confirmed, the economic benefits related to dividends are likely to flow in, and the amount of dividends can be measured reliably; the Group recognizes dividend income in profit or loss.

(VIII) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

1. Refer to those that meet the following criteria at the same time:
 - (1) The objective of the business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (2) The assets' contractual cash flows solely represent payments of principal and interest.
2. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets measured at amortized cost are recognized and de-recognized using trade date accounting.
3. The Group measures financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs in the initial recognition. The financial assets are subsequently amortized by the effective interest rate

during the circulation to recognize interest income and impairment loss. The profits or losses are recognized in the profit and loss when the assets are derecognized.

4. The Group holds time deposits that are not considered cash equivalents. Due to the short holding period, the impact of discounting is insignificant and is measured by the amount of investment.

(IX) Accounts and notes receivable

1. Refers to accounts and notes that have been unconditionally charged for the right to exchange the value of the consideration due to the transfer of goods or services.
2. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(X) Impairment of financial assets

Regarding the financial assets measured at amortized cost, the Group considers all reasonable and supportable information (including forward-looking ones) and measures the loss allowance based on the expected 12-month credit losses for those that do not have their credit risk increased significantly since initial recognition. For those with their credit risk increasing significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance is measured based on the expected full lifetime credit losses. For accounts receivable that do not contain significant financial components, the loss allowance is measured based on the expected amount of credit loss during the duration.

(XI) De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is de-recognized when the Group's rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired.

(XII) Leasing arrangements (lessor) -- operating leases

Lease income from operating leases, less any incentives given to the lessee, is amortized in current profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(XIII) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and the cost is determined by weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work-in-progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads, but excludes borrowing costs. The item-by-item comparison method is adopted when comparing whether the cost or the net realizable value is lower. The net realizable value refers to the balance of the estimated selling price in the normal course of business, minus the estimated cost to be invested until completion and the estimated cost to complete the sale.

(XIV) Investments accounted for under equity method -- Associates

1. Associates refer to entities over which the Group has significant influence but is not in control. In general, the associates may have more than 20% of their voting shares directly or indirectly owned by the Group. The Group accounts for its investment in associates using the equity method, and the investment is initially recognized at cost.
2. The Group recognizes the profit and loss upon the acquisition of associates as the current profit and loss. Other comprehensive profit and loss after the acquisition are recognized as the other comprehensive profit and loss. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group will not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or make payments on behalf of the associate.
3. If an associate has changes in equity not from profit or loss or other comprehensive income, and such changes do not affect the Group's shareholding in the associate, the Group will recognize all changes in equity as "capital surplus" according to the shareholding percentage.
4. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
5. In the event that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe to or acquire the new shares in proportion, which results in a change to the Group's shareholding percentage but the Group maintains a significant influence on the associate, the increase or decrease of the Group's share of equity interest is the adjustment of "capital surplus" and "investments accounted for under the equity method." If the investment percentage is reduced, in addition to the above adjustments, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionally on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
6. When the Group loses its significant influence on an associate, the remaining investment in said associate is re-measured at fair value, and the difference between the fair value and the book value is recognized as profit or loss in the current period.
7. When the Group disposes of an associate, if it loses the significant influence on the associate, all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if

the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses the significant influence on an associate, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of. If the Group still has a significant influence on the associate, only the amount recognized in other comprehensive income previously will be transferred out in the manner above on a pro-rata basis.

(XV) Property, plant and equipment

1. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
2. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
3. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
4. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from the previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors," from the date of the change.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and construction	2 to 50 years
Machines and equipment	1 to 8 years
Office equipment	2 to 6 years
Others	1 to 6 years

(XVI) Leasing agreements (lessee) - right-of-use assets/lease liabilities

1. Leases are recognized as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at the date at which the leased assets are available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the

lease term.

2. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments include fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivables.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortized cost using the interest method and recognizes interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is re-measured and the amount of re-measurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

3. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is recognized at cost comprising the amount of initial measurement of lease liability.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's service life or the end of lease term. When the lease liability is re-measured, the amount of re-measurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

4. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and remeasure the lease liability to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognizes the difference in profit or loss.

(XVII) Investment property

Investment properties are initially measured at cost and may be subsequently measured using a cost model. Except for land, the service life is recognized on a straight-line basis of depreciation and is about 24 to 41 years.

(XVIII) Intangible assets

1. Computer software

Recognized by the acquisition cost and is amortized on a straight-line basis with an estimated service life of 1 to 8 years.

2. Trademarks and patent rights

Trademarks and patent rights acquired as a result of a business combination are recognized at fair value on the acquisition date. Trademarks and patent rights are assets with a finite useful life and are amortized at the estimated useful life of three years on a straight line basis.

3. Goodwill

Goodwill is measured in a business combination using the acquisition method.

(XIX) Impairment of non-financial assets

1. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less disposal cost or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.
2. Goodwill regularly estimates its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The goodwill impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent years.
3. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of conducting the impairment testing. The allocation identified based on the operating segment, and the goodwill is allocated to cash-generation units or groups of cash-generation units expected to benefit from the business combination that generates goodwill.

(XX) Borrowings

Refers to long- and short-term funds borrowed from banks. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(XXI) Accounts and notes payable

1. Refers to debts incurred as a result of the purchase of raw materials, goods or services and the notes payable due to business and non-business purposes.
2. The short-term accounts and notes payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(XXII) De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes financial liabilities when the obligations specified in the contract are fulfilled, cancelled or expired.

(XXIII) Offset between financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and presented in the balance sheet on a net basis when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the amount of the recognized

financial assets and liabilities and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(XXIV) Provisions

Liability reserve (which is for warranty) is a present statutory or deferred obligation as a result of a past event. It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognized as a provision should be the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date. Future operating losses shall not be recognized as liability reserves.

(XXV) Employee benefits

1. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

2. Pension

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Pre-paid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

3. Employees' bonuses and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' bonuses and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognized as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any differences between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is distributed by shares, the Company calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(XXVI) Employee share-based payment

The share-based payment agreement for delivery of equity is a transaction in which employees' labor service is received as consideration for the Company's equity instrument at fair value. It is recognized as compensation costs during the vesting period and the equity is adjusted accordingly. The equity instrument's fair value shall reflect the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions of market value. The recognized remuneration costs are adjusted in accordance with the expected service conditions to be met and the non-vesting market value conditions, until the final recognized amount is recognized with the

vesting amount on the vesting date.

(XXVII) Income tax

1. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
2. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Group and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
3. Deferred income tax is recognized, using the balance sheet method, on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the balance sheet. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
4. Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
5. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities. They are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entities or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(XXVIII) Share capital

Common stocks are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(XXIX) Dividend distribution

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities. Stock dividends are recorded as dividends to be distributed and transferred to be common stocks on the base date of issuance of new shares.

(XXX) Revenue recognition

1. Our Group develops, manufactures and sells various products related to industrial storage devices and memory modules. Sales revenue is recognized when the control of products is transferred to customers. That is, once products are delivered to customers, the customers have discretion on the channel and price of product sales, and the Group has no outstanding performance obligations that may affect customers' acceptance of the products. The delivery of products occurs when products are shipped to a designated location and the risk of obsolescence and loss has been transferred to customers, and the customers accept the products in accordance with the sales contract or have objective evidence that all criteria have been met.
2. The payment terms of sales transactions are usually payment in advance or net 30 to 90. With respect to the contracts signed between the Group and customers, the time interval between the transfer products or services promised to customers and the customers' payment has not exceeded one year, so the Group has not adjusted the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
3. Sales revenue is recognized as the net from subtracting sales discounts from the contract price. The Group estimates possible sales discounts based on past experience and different contract conditions, and recognizes the refund liabilities accordingly.
4. The Group provides warranty for products sold, and has the obligation to repair product defects, which are recognized as liability provisions when goods are sold.
5. Accounts receivable are recognized when goods are delivered to customers. The Group has unconditional rights to the contract price, and will be able to collect the amount from the customers after the time has passed.

(XXXI) Government grants

Government grants are recognized at fair value when there is reasonable assurance that

the enterprise will comply with the conditions attached to the government grant and that the grant will be received. If the nature of government subsidies is to compensate the Group for expenses incurred, the government subsidies are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the period in which the related expenses are incurred.

(XXXII) Business combinations

1. The Group adopts the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for a combination is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred or assumed, and the equity instruments issued at the acquisition. The consideration for the transfer includes the fair value of any assets and liabilities arising from contingent consideration agreements. All acquisition-related costs related are expensed as incurred. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured at fair value at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.
2. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognised and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

(XXXIII) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

V. Critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation and uncertainty

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires the management to make critical judgments in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates

concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Please refer to the following explanation of critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation and uncertainty:

(I) Important judgments adopted by the accounting policies

The critical judgments adopted in the Group's accounting policies have been assessed to be free from significant uncertainty.

(II) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Inventory Evaluation

During the inventory valuation, the Group needs to use judgment to evaluate the wear and tear, obsolescence and market sales value of the inventory to estimate the net realizable value, and write down the inventory cost to the net realizable value. Technological changes, environmental changes and sales conditions will change the inventory value, further affecting its valuation.

The book value of the Group's inventory as of December 31, 2022 is detailed in Note 6(5).

VI. Statements of main accounting items

(I) Cash and cash equivalents

	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
Cash:		
Cash on hand and working capital	\$ 1,076	\$ 921
Checking deposits and demand deposits	2,663,473	1,971,470
Cash equivalents:		
Time deposits	1,335,500	165,500
	<u>\$ 4,000,049</u>	<u>\$ 2,137,891</u>

1. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
2. The Group has not provided cash and cash equivalents as pledge guarantee.

(II) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
Non-current items:		
Equity instruments		
Preference shares of TWSE/TPEX listed domestic companies	\$ 29,970	\$ -
Evaluation adjustment	(2,131)	-
	<u>\$ 27,839</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

1. The Group chooses to classify equity instruments of strategic investment nature as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.
2. Please refer to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the details of the financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income which are recognized in the comprehensive profit and loss of the Group.
3. The Group has not provided financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income as pledged collateral.
4. Please refer to Note 12(3) for relevant fair value information.

(III) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
Current items:		
Time deposits due in three months to one year	\$ -	\$ 600,000
Non-current items:		
Pledged time deposits	\$ 10,706	\$ 10,706

1. Please refer to Note 6(21) for the recognized interest income from financial assets measured at amortized cost.
2. Please refer to Note 8 for the Group's provision of financial assets at amortized cost as pledged collateral.

(IV) Notes and accounts receivable

	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
Notes receivable	\$ 2,565	\$ 1,986
Less: Loss allowance	-	-
	<u>\$ 2,565</u>	<u>\$ 1,986</u>
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,441,399	\$ 1,557,082
Accounts receivable - related parties	109	2
	<u>1,441,508</u>	<u>1,557,084</u>
Less: Loss allowance	(22,605)	(2,445)
	<u>\$ 1,418,903</u>	<u>\$ 1,554,639</u>

1. For the aging analysis and the related credit risk information on notes and accounts receivable, please refer to Note 12 (2).
2. Both notes and accounts receivable were both from customer contracts as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and both the balances of notes and accounts receivable as of January 1, 2021 were NT\$881,318.
3. The Group does not hold any collateral for the aforementioned notes and accounts receivable.

(V) Inventories

	<u>December 31, 2022</u>		
		Loss allowance for falling prices	Book value
	Cost		
Raw materials	\$ 795,464	(\$ 207,725)	\$ 587,739
Work in process	255,913	(20,797)	235,116
Finished products	355,613	(43,818)	311,795
Products	30,805	(6,980)	23,825
	<u>\$ 1,437,795</u>	<u>(\$ 279,320)</u>	<u>\$ 1,158,475</u>
	<u>December 31, 2021</u>		
		Loss allowance for falling prices	Book value
	Cost		
Raw materials	\$ 1,314,895	(\$ 190,531)	\$ 1,124,364
Work in process	222,201	(15,208)	206,993
Finished products	314,109	(15,341)	298,768
Products	39,032	(4,808)	34,224
	<u>\$ 1,890,237</u>	<u>(\$ 225,888)</u>	<u>\$ 1,664,349</u>

1. None of the above inventories are provided with pledged collaterals.
2. The cost of inventories recognized as losses by the Group.

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cost of inventory sold	\$ 6,745,767	\$ 6,934,892
Loss on decline in (gain from reversal of) market value and obsolete and slow-moving inventories	53,432	132,392
Loss on scrapping of inventory	17,048	5,195
Others	28,364	30,961
	<u>\$ 6,844,611</u>	<u>\$ 7,103,440</u>

(VI) Investments accounted for using equity method

	<u>December 31, 2022</u>		<u>December 31, 2021</u>	
	Amount	Shareholding percentage	Amount	Shareholding percentage
Affiliates:				
AccelStor Inc.	\$ -	-	\$ -	40.37%
Millitronic Co.,Ltd.	6,134	33.55%	10,501	33.55%
Sysinno Technology Inc.	6,819	43.00%	8,237	43.00%
	<u>\$ 12,953</u>		<u>\$ 18,738</u>	

In 2022 and 2021, the Group's share of profits (losses) from affiliates recognized by the equity method was NT\$(5,785) and NT\$(7,854), respectively, as recognized in the financial statements audited by the Company's independent auditors.

1. The liquidation of AccelStor Inc. was completed on May 19, 2022,
2. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group had no significant affiliates, and the consolidated book values of individual non-significant affiliates were NT\$12,953 and NT\$18,738, respectively. Their operating results are summarized as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Profit (loss) from continuing operations	(\$ 5,785)	(\$ 7,854)
Other comprehensive income or loss (net after tax)	-	-
Total comprehensive profit and loss for the year	<u>(\$ 5,785)</u>	<u>(\$ 7,854)</u>

3. None of the affiliates of the Group have open market quotes, so there is no information on fair value.

(VII) Property, plant and equipment

		2022						
		Land	Buildings and construction	Machines and equipment	Office equipment	Unfinished construction and equipment pending acceptance	Others	Total
<u>January 1</u>								
Cost	\$	624,621	910,262	260,429	36,098	55,500	81,976	1,968,886
Accumulated depreciation and impairments		-	(121,302)	(154,334)	(24,997)	-	(51,467)	(352,100)
	\$	<u>624,621</u>	<u>788,960</u>	<u>106,095</u>	<u>11,101</u>	<u>55,500</u>	<u>30,509</u>	<u>1,616,786</u>
January 1	\$	624,621	788,960	106,095	11,101	55,500	30,509	1,616,786
Addition		142,908	101,115	16,273	21,618	213,210	21,208	516,332
Reclassification		49,598	32,496	47,685	14,198	(48,553)	867	96,291
Disposal		-	(9)	-	(130)	-	-	(139)
Depreciation expense		-	(31,158)	(36,914)	(18,286)	-	(11,116)	(97,474)
Net exchange difference		1,531	5,147	3	6	-	27	6,714
December 31	\$	<u>818,658</u>	<u>896,551</u>	<u>133,142</u>	<u>28,507</u>	<u>220,157</u>	<u>41,495</u>	<u>2,138,510</u>
<u>December 31</u>								
Cost	\$	818,658	1,042,912	324,396	72,245	220,157	102,344	2,580,712
Accumulated depreciation and impairments		-	(146,361)	(191,254)	(43,738)	-	(60,849)	(442,202)
	\$	<u>818,658</u>	<u>896,551</u>	<u>133,142</u>	<u>28,507</u>	<u>220,157</u>	<u>41,495</u>	<u>2,138,510</u>
		2021						
		Land	Buildings and construction	Machines and equipment	Office equipment	Unfinished construction and equipment pending acceptance	Others	Total
<u>January 1</u>								
Cost	\$	528,288	820,165	227,965	33,827	-	63,622	1,673,867
Accumulated depreciation and impairments		-	(101,849)	(133,212)	(19,137)	-	(44,675)	(298,873)
	\$	<u>528,288</u>	<u>718,316</u>	<u>94,753</u>	<u>14,690</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,947</u>	<u>1,374,994</u>
January 1	\$	528,288	718,316	94,753	14,690	-	18,947	1,374,994
Addition		97,153	96,623	37,700	2,375	55,500	19,130	308,481
Reclassification		-	3,680	1,425	-	-	480	5,585
Acquisition from merger		-	-	-	59	-	123	182
Disposal		-	(9)	-	(25)	-	(54)	(88)
Depreciation expense		-	(25,418)	(27,782)	(5,992)	-	(8,082)	(67,274)
Net exchange difference		(820)	(4,232)	(1)	(6)	-	(35)	(5,094)
December 31	\$	<u>624,621</u>	<u>788,960</u>	<u>106,095</u>	<u>11,101</u>	<u>55,500</u>	<u>30,509</u>	<u>1,616,786</u>
<u>December 31</u>								
Cost	\$	624,621	910,262	260,429	36,098	55,500	81,976	1,968,886
Accumulated depreciation and impairments		-	(121,302)	(154,334)	(24,997)	-	(51,467)	(352,100)
	\$	<u>624,621</u>	<u>788,960</u>	<u>106,095</u>	<u>11,101</u>	<u>55,500</u>	<u>30,509</u>	<u>1,616,786</u>

1. Please refer to note 8 for the information on the collateral provided by the Group with its property, plant and equipment.

2. The Group had no capitalization of interest for property, plant and equipment in 2022 and 2021.
3. The abovementioned property, plant and equipment are all held and used by the Group.
4. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's prepayments for business facilities (recognized in "other non-current assets-others") that have not been reclassified were NT\$0 and NT\$68,802, respectively.

(VIII) Leasing arrangements - lessee

1. The underlying assets leased by the Group include land, buildings and company vehicles, with the lease contract periods for buildings and company vehicles from 1 to 9 years. The land for the plant site in Taiwan is leased from Hsinchu Science Park; the lease contract has a term of 20 years, and the Company enjoys the priority of lease, with the lease period expected to be 50 years. Lease contracts are negotiated separately and include a variety of terms and conditions. There are no restrictions for the leased assets, except that they cannot be used as loan collateral.
2. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Company vehicles</u>	<u>Total</u>
January 1, 2022	\$ 178,850	\$ 23,968	\$ 3,283	\$ 206,101
Addition	3,020	35,361	3,775	42,156
Early termination of leases	-	(10,952)	-	(10,952)
Depreciation expense	(6,610)	(20,660)	(2,557)	(29,827)
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	(15)	20	5
December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 175,260</u>	<u>\$ 27,702</u>	<u>\$ 4,521</u>	<u>\$ 207,483</u>

	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Company vehicles</u>	<u>Total</u>
January 1, 2021	\$ 185,386	\$ 25,154	\$ 2,816	\$ 213,356
Addition	-	20,602	2,875	23,477
Contract revision	-	(1,068)	-	(1,068)
Early termination of leases	-	(598)	-	(598)
Depreciation expense	(6,536)	(19,795)	(2,235)	(28,566)
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	(327)	(173)	(500)
December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 178,850</u>	<u>\$ 23,968</u>	<u>\$ 3,283</u>	<u>\$ 206,101</u>

3. The information on profit and loss items related to lease contracts is as follows:

Items affecting current profit and loss	2022	2021
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	\$ 2,529	\$ 2,586
Lease modification loss (gain)	(48)	(3)

4. In 2022 and 2021, other than the cash outflow from lease-related expenses mentioned in Note 6(8)3 above, please refer to Note 6(31) for details of the amount of cash outflow arising from the repayment of principal of lease liabilities.

(IX) Leasing arrangements - lessor

1. The Group leases out assets such as land and buildings. The lease contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 5 years. The terms of lease contracts are negotiated separately. In order to preserve the condition of leased assets, the Company usually requires lessees not to sublet, sublease or pledge all or part of the underlying leased assets.
2. Please refer to 6(22) for the rental income recognized by the Group based on operating lease contracts.
3. The maturity analysis of the lease payments under the operating leases is as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
2022	\$ -	\$ 5,196
2023	4,666	1,082
2024	333	-
	\$ 4,999	\$ 6,278

(X) Investment property

	2022		
	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings and construction</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>January 1</u>			
Cost	\$ 73,690	\$ 37,316	\$ 111,006
Accumulated depreciation and impairments	-	(11,655)	(11,655)
	<u>\$ 73,690</u>	<u>\$ 25,661</u>	<u>\$ 99,351</u>
January 1	\$ 73,690	\$ 25,661	\$ 99,351
Addition	16,343	9,893	26,236
Reclassification	(3,590)	(1,821)	(5,411)
Depreciation expense	-	(1,398)	(1,398)
Net exchange difference	245	295	540
December 31	<u>\$ 86,688</u>	<u>\$ 32,630</u>	<u>\$ 119,318</u>
<u>December 31</u>			
Cost	\$ 86,688	\$ 44,153	\$ 130,841
Accumulated depreciation and impairments	-	(11,523)	(11,523)
	<u>\$ 86,688</u>	<u>\$ 32,630</u>	<u>\$ 119,318</u>
	2021		
	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings and construction</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>January 1</u>			
Cost	\$ 74,337	\$ 38,244	\$ 112,581
Accumulated depreciation and impairments	-	(10,365)	(10,365)
	<u>\$ 74,337</u>	<u>\$ 27,879</u>	<u>\$ 102,216</u>
January 1	\$ 74,337	\$ 27,879	\$ 102,216
Depreciation expense	-	(1,383)	(1,383)
Net exchange difference	(647)	(835)	(1,482)
December 31	<u>\$ 73,690</u>	<u>\$ 25,661</u>	<u>\$ 99,351</u>
<u>December 31</u>			
Cost	\$ 73,690	\$ 37,316	\$ 111,006
Accumulated depreciation and impairments	-	(11,655)	(11,655)
	<u>\$ 73,690</u>	<u>\$ 25,661</u>	<u>\$ 99,351</u>

1. Rental income and direct operating expenses of investment real estate:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Rental income from investment property	\$ 6,840	\$ 5,002
Direct operating expenses incurred by investment property that generates rental income for the period	<u>\$ 2,351</u>	<u>\$ 2,008</u>

2. The fair values of the investment property held by the Group as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 were NT\$181,673 and NT\$155,848, respectively. The abovementioned fair value is obtained from the market price assessments and actual transaction prices of similar properties in the vicinity of the relevant assets.
3. Please refer to Note 8 for the information on the collateral provided by the Group with its property, plant and equipment.
4. The Group had no capitalization of interest for investment property in 2022 and 2021.

(XI) Intangible assets

	2022				
	<u>Patent</u>	<u>Computer software</u>	<u>Trademark rights</u>	<u>Goodwill</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>January 1</u>					
Cost	\$ 6,000	\$ 77,776	\$ 3,000	\$ 11,386	\$ 98,162
Accumulated amortization and impairments	(1,333)	(49,025)	(667)	-	(51,025)
	<u>\$ 4,667</u>	<u>\$ 28,751</u>	<u>\$ 2,333</u>	<u>\$ 11,386</u>	<u>\$ 47,137</u>
January 1	\$ 4,667	\$ 28,751	\$ 2,333	\$ 11,386	\$ 47,137
Additions - from separate acquisition	-	21,974	-	-	21,974
Amortization expenses	(2,000)	(23,074)	(1,000)	-	(26,074)
Net exchange difference	-	-	-	1,080	1,080
December 31	<u>\$ 2,667</u>	<u>\$ 27,651</u>	<u>\$ 1,333</u>	<u>\$ 12,466</u>	<u>\$ 44,117</u>
<u>December 31</u>					
Cost	\$ 6,000	\$ 99,750	\$ 3,000	\$ 12,466	\$ 121,216
Accumulated amortization and impairments	(3,333)	(72,099)	(1,667)	-	(77,099)
	<u>\$ 2,667</u>	<u>\$ 27,651</u>	<u>\$ 1,333</u>	<u>\$ 12,466</u>	<u>\$ 44,117</u>
	2021				
	<u>Patent</u>	<u>Computer software</u>	<u>Trademark rights</u>	<u>Goodwill</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>January 1</u>					
Cost	\$ -	\$ 53,213	\$ -	\$ 11,671	\$ 64,884
Accumulated amortization and impairments	-	(35,957)	-	-	(35,957)
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 17,256</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 11,671</u>	<u>\$ 28,927</u>
January 1	\$ -	\$ 17,256	\$ -	\$ 11,671	\$ 28,927
Additions - from separate acquisition	-	24,564	-	-	24,564
Additions- business merger	6,000	-	3,000	-	9,000
Amortization expenses	(1,333)	(13,069)	(667)	-	(15,069)
Net exchange difference	-	-	-	(285)	(285)
December 31	<u>\$ 4,667</u>	<u>\$ 28,751</u>	<u>\$ 2,333</u>	<u>\$ 11,386</u>	<u>\$ 47,137</u>
<u>December 31</u>					
Cost	\$ 6,000	\$ 77,776	\$ 3,000	\$ 11,386	\$ 98,162
Accumulated amortization and impairments	(1,333)	(49,025)	(667)	-	(51,025)
	<u>\$ 4,667</u>	<u>\$ 28,751</u>	<u>\$ 2,333</u>	<u>\$ 11,386</u>	<u>\$ 47,137</u>

1. Breakdown of intangible assets amortization:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Operating costs	\$ 1,684	\$ 1,100
Selling expenses	201	167
General and administrative expenses	10,305	7,536
Research and development expenses	13,884	6,266
	<u>\$ 26,074</u>	<u>\$ 15,069</u>

2. Goodwill is allocated to the cash-generating units of the Group:

	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
Innodisk USA Corporation	\$ 10,935	\$ 9,855
Others	1,531	1,531
	<u>\$ 12,466</u>	<u>\$ 11,386</u>

3. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units identified by the Group. The recoverable amount is evaluated based on the value in use which is calculated based on the estimated cash flow before taxes.

The Group calculated that the recoverable amount exceeds the carrying amount based on the value in use, so there is no impairment of goodwill. The calculation of value in use mainly considers gross margin, growth rate and discount rate.

The management determines the budgeted gross margin based on past performance and the expectations for market development. The weighted average growth rate used is consistent with the industry's reported forecast. The adopted discount rate is a pre-tax rate and reflects the specific risks of the related operating units.

4. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group had not provided intangible assets as pledged collaterals.

(XII) Other payables

	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
Payroll and bonus payable	\$ 305,046	\$ 259,309
Employees' remuneration and directors' and supervisors' remuneration payable	152,364	130,796
Accrued expenses	77,502	69,540
Payable on equipment	52,801	16,348
Others	19,299	13,387
	<u>\$ 607,012</u>	<u>\$ 489,380</u>

(XIII) Long-term loans

<u>Type of borrowing</u>	<u>Borrowing period and payment method</u>	<u>Range of interest rate</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>
Borrowing with installment repayments				
Innodisk Corporation				
Chinatrust Commercial Bank secured loan	The borrowing period is from January 7, 2022 to January 7, 2042; the grace period for principal repayment is two years, and the interest is paid monthly.	0.82%	Please see Note 8 for details.	\$ 67,343
Chinatrust Commercial Bank secured loan	The borrowing period is from January 13, 2022 to January 13, 2042; the grace period for principal repayment is two years, and the interest is paid monthly.	0.82%	Please see Note 8 for details.	112,657
Innodisk Europe B.V.				
Chinatrust Commercial Bank credit loan	The borrowing period is from December 10, 2018 to December 10, 2023; the principal is amortized annually and the interest is paid quarterly.	1.15%	No	9,815
Chinatrust Commercial Bank credit loan	The borrowing period is from March 15, 2019 to March 15, 2024; the principal is amortized annually and the interest is paid quarterly.	1.15%	No	4,581
Aetina Corporation				
Chinatrust Commercial Bank secured loan	The borrowing period is from November 24, 2021 to November 24, 2041; the grace period for the principal is two years, and the interest is paid monthly.	0.94%	Please see Note 8 for details.	90,000
Chinatrust Commercial Bank credit loan	The borrowing period is from November 24, 2021 to November 24, 2041; the grace period for the principal is two years, and the interest is paid monthly.	1.09%	No	36,680
				321,076
Less: Long-term loans due within one year or one business cycle				(11,006)
				<u>\$ 310,070</u>

<u>Type of borrowing</u>	<u>Borrowing period and payment method</u>	<u>Range of interest rate</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
Borrowing with installment repayments				
Innodisk Europe B.V.				
Chinatrust Commercial Bank credit loan	The borrowing period is from December 10, 2018 to December 10, 2023; the principal is amortized annually and the interest is paid quarterly.	1.15%	No	\$ 10,962
Chinatrust Commercial Bank credit loan	The borrowing period is from March 15, 2019 to March 15, 2024; the principal is amortized annually and the interest is paid quarterly.	1.15%	No	5,012
Aetina Corporation				
Chinatrust Commercial Bank secured loan	The borrowing period is from November 24, 2021 to November 24, 2041; the grace period for the principal is two years, and the interest is paid monthly.	0.94%	Please see Note 8 for details.	90,000
Chinatrust Commercial Bank credit loan	The borrowing period is from November 24, 2021 to November 24, 2041; the grace period for the principal is two years, and the interest is paid monthly.	1.09%	No	36,680
				142,654
Less: Long-term loans due within one year or one business cycle				(2,193)
				<u>\$ 140,461</u>

Please refer to Note 6(24) for the Group's interest expense recognized in profit or loss.

(XIV) Pensions

1. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan under the Labor Pension Act covering all regular employees with domestic citizenship. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
2. The overseas subsidiary Innodisk Global-M Corporation has not established an employee pension plan, and the local laws do not have mandatory requirements. Innodisk USA Corporation, Innodisk Europe B.V. and Innodisk Japan Corporation have adopted a defined contribution pension plan which allocates a certain percentage of the monthly total salary of local employees as the pensions. The Company has no further obligations except for the monthly allocation.
3. Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation allocates a certain percentage of the monthly total salary of local employees as the pensions in accordance with the pension system stipulated by the government of the People 's Republic of China. The pension of each employee is coordinated and arranged by the government. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
4. In 2022 and 2021, the Group's pension costs recognized in accordance with the pension measures were NT\$39,079 and NT\$32,493, respectively.

(XV) Share-based payment

1. Share-based payment agreement of the Company

- (1) The Company's board meeting on November 8, 2018 resolved the first issuance of employee stock option certificates in 2018 and the stock option measures; it was proposed to issue 3,000,000 units of employee stock option certificates, and the number of shares that may be subscribed to by each unit of stock option certificate is one share. The above came into effect on December 11, 2018 upon filing, and the Company will issue employee stock option certificates on January 29, 2019.

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted	Contract period	Vesting conditions	Delivery method
Employee stock options plan	2019.1.29	3,000 thousand shares	4 years	Note	Equity delivery

Note: Employees with 2 years of service tenure are entitled to 50%. Those with 3 years of service tenure are entitled to 100%.

- (2) The board meeting determined by resolution on July 6, 2022 the issuance of employee stock option certificates for the first time in 2022 and the stock option measures; it is proposed to issue 3,500,000 units of employee stock option certificates, and the number of shares that may be subscribed to by each unit of stock option certificate is one share. The above will come into effect on July 26, 2022 upon filing, and the Company will issue employee stock option certificates on August 5, 2022.

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted	Contract period	Vesting conditions	Delivery method
Employee stock options plan	2022.8.5	3,500 thousand shares	4 years	Note	Equity delivery

Note: Employees with 2 years of service tenure are entitled to 50%. Those with 3 years of service tenure are entitled to 100%.

2. The detailed information of the share-based payment above

	2022		2021	
	Number of stock options (thousand shares)	Weighted average exercise price (NT\$)	Number of stock options (thousand shares)	Weighted average exercise price (NT\$)
Options outstanding as of January 1	1,628	89.80	3,000	92.80
Stock options granted in this period	3,500	168.00	-	-
Free allotment of additional shares or adjustment of the number of subscribed shares	-	-	-	-
Stock options lost in this period	(145)	89.80	(28)	92.80
Stock options exercised in this period	(1,405)	88.95	(1,344)	92.63
Stock options expired in this period	-	-	-	-
Stock options outstanding as of December 31	<u>3,578</u>	166.28	<u>1,628</u>	89.80
Stock options exercisable as of December 31	<u>78</u>		<u>156</u>	

3. The weighted-average share prices of the stock options exercised in 2022 and 2021 were NT\$185.69 and NT\$189.78, respectively on the date of exercise.

4. The expiration date and exercise price of stock options outstanding as of the balance sheet date are as follows:

		December 31, 2022	
Approved issue date	Expiration date	Number of shares (thousand)	Exercise price (NT\$)
January 29, 2019	January 29, 2023	78	81.40
August 5, 2022	August 5, 2026	3,500	168.00

		December 31, 2021	
Approved issue date	Expiration date	Number of shares (thousand)	Exercise price (NT\$)
January 29, 2019	January 29, 2023	1,628	89.80

5. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using Black-Scholes option-pricing model and the relevant information is as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Stock price (NT\$)	Exercise price (NT\$)	Expected volatility	Expected duration	Expected dividend	Risk-free rate	Weighted average fair value per unit (NT\$)
Employee stock options plan	2019.1.29	105.50	105.50	34.34%	4 years	NA	0.61%	26.4442
Employee stock options plan	2022.8.5	168.00	168.00	30.62%	3.25 years	NA	0.95%	38.5462

6. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	2022	2021
Equity delivery	\$ 31,447	\$ 19,973

(XVI) Provisions

	2022	2021
Balance on January 1	\$ 59,851	\$ 61,444
Provision for liabilities used in the period	(11,392)	(7,968)
Provision for liabilities added in this period	20,652	6,375
Balance on December 31	\$ 69,111	\$ 59,851

The analysis of provisions is as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Current	\$ 69,111	\$ 59,851

The Company's provisions for warranty liabilities are mainly related to sales of industrial storage devices and memory modules. The provisions for warranty liabilities are estimated based on the historical warranty information of the products.

(XVII) Share capital

1. As of December 31, 2022, the Company's authorized capital was NT\$1,000,000, divided into 100,000 thousand shares (including 10,000 thousand shares for the subscription by employee stock options). The paid-in capital was NT\$865,531 with a par value of NT\$10. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected. The movements in the number of the Company's common stocks outstanding are as follows: (Unit: Share)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
January 1	82,668,040	81,324,040
Stock dividends	2,480,041	-
Exercise of employee share options	1,405,000	1,344,000
December 31	<u>86,553,081</u>	<u>82,668,040</u>

2. The shareholders' meeting on May 31, 2022 resolved to increase the Company's capital by issuing new shares with the 2021 undistributed earnings of NT\$24,801. The ex-date for the capital increase is August 6, 2022.
3. The ordinary shares issued due to the exercise of employee stock options in 2022 were 1,405,000 shares. As of December 31, 2022, there were 82,500 shares not yet registered for share capital change.
4. The ordinary shares issued due to the exercise of employee stock options in 2021 were 1,344,000 shares, and all of them had been registered for share capital change.

(XVIII) Capital surplus

In accordance with the Company Act, any capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of the par value on issuance of common stocks can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized, as above, should not exceed 10% of paid-in capital each year. Capital surpluses should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

2022						
	<u>Issue premium</u>	<u>Difference between the price of acquiring or disposing of equities of a subsidiary and the book value</u>	<u>Recognition of changes in ownership in subsidiaries</u>	<u>Employee stock options</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Total</u>
January 1	\$ 1,157,494	\$ 802	\$ 24,538	\$ 30,321	\$ 674	\$ 1,213,829
Share-based payment	-	-	-	31,447	-	31,447
Share-based remuneration for employees of subsidiaries	-	-	268	-	-	268
Exercise of employee share options	145,335	-	-	(34,417)	-	110,918
Expired options	-	-	-	(4,031)	4,031	-
December 31	<u>\$ 1,302,829</u>	<u>\$ 802</u>	<u>\$ 24,806</u>	<u>\$ 23,320</u>	<u>\$ 4,705</u>	<u>\$ 1,356,462</u>
2021						
	<u>Issue premium</u>	<u>Difference between the price of acquiring or disposing of equities of a subsidiary and the book value</u>	<u>Recognition of changes in ownership in subsidiaries</u>	<u>Employee stock options</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Total</u>
January 1	\$ 1,013,516	\$ 802	\$ 24,439	\$ 43,945	\$ -	\$ 1,082,702
Share-based payment	-	-	-	19,973	-	19,973
Share-based remuneration for employees of subsidiaries	-	-	99	-	-	99
Exercise of employee share options	143,978	-	-	(32,923)	-	111,055
Expired options	-	-	-	(674)	674	-
December 31	<u>\$ 1,157,494</u>	<u>\$ 802</u>	<u>\$ 24,538</u>	<u>\$ 30,321</u>	<u>\$ 674</u>	<u>\$ 1,213,829</u>

(XIX) Retained earnings / subsequent event

1. According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the surplus income after the final accounts is distributed to the following accounts in their respective order:
 - (1) Withholding taxes.
 - (2) Make up for past losses.
 - (3) Allocate 10% as legal reserve. If the legal reserve has reached the total share capital, no further allocations will be conducted. Special reserve is then allocated or reversed in accordance with the law or regulations of the authority.
 - (4) With respect to the balance and the accumulated undistributed surplus of the previous year, the board proposes a surplus distribution to the shareholders meeting for resolution.

Dividend policy: The Company considers future needs for business operations, long-term financial planning and shareholders' interest in the dividend policy. As the Company is currently in the growing stage, considering the future capital expenditure budget and the need for cash, the annual cash dividends will not be less than 10% of the total of cash and

stock dividends. The Company's surplus distribution and shareholders' equity shall not be less than 30% of the current year's surplus.

2. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purposes. The use of the legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
3. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
4. The Company's distribution of profits

- (1) The Company's earnings distribution for 2021 and 2020 as approved by the shareholders' meeting on May 31, 2022 and July 8, 2021 is as follows:

	2021		2020	
	Amount	Dividends per share (NT\$)	Amount	Dividends per share (NT\$)
Legal reserve allocation	\$ 156,088		\$ 93,009	
Special reserve allocation	7,709		1,358	
Stock dividends	24,801	0.30	-	-
Cash dividends	967,217	11.70	553,003	6.80
	\$ 1,155,815		\$ 647,370	

- (2) The appropriation of the Company's 2022 earnings was resolved by the board meeting on February 23, 2023. Details are summarized below:

	2022	
	Amount	Dividends per share (NT\$)
Legal reserve allocation	\$ 185,019	
(Reversal of) special reserve	(12,223)	
Stock dividends	17,311	0.20
Cash dividends	1,194,433	13.80
	\$ 1,384,540	

(XX) Operating revenue

1. Segmentation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives its revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in the following product categories and geographical regions:

2022	Industrial storage devices and memory modules					
	Taiwan	Asia	Americas	Europe	Others	Total
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$ 3,158,884	\$ 3,033,721	\$ 1,576,233	\$ 2,282,903	\$ 251,488	\$ 10,303,229

2021	Industrial storage devices and memory modules					
	Taiwan	Asia	Americas	Europe	Others	Total
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$ 3,049,064	\$ 3,195,044	\$ 1,650,640	\$ 2,110,579	\$ 190,331	\$ 10,195,658

2. Contract liabilities

(1) Contract liabilities related to contracts with customers recognized by the Group:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	January 1, 2021
Contract liabilities			
- Product sales contracts	\$ 42,079	\$ 31,810	\$ 41,011

(2) Contract liabilities at the beginning of the period recognized as revenue of the period

	2022	2021
Product sales contracts	\$ 30,267	\$ 40,577

(XXI) Interest income

	2022	2021
Interest on bank deposits	\$ 11,363	\$ 3,380
Interest income on financial assets at amortized cost	2,876	2,472
Others	9	8
	\$ 14,248	\$ 5,860

(XXII) Other income

	2022	2021
Government grants (note)	\$ 2,283	\$ 40,547
Rental income	7,910	5,676
Others	6,378	5,522
	\$ 16,571	\$ 51,745

Note: Due to the applicable local government subsidy policy related to COVID-19, Innodisk USA Corporation, a subsidiary of the Company, recognized a subsidy of NT\$0 and NT\$37,699 in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(XXIII) Other gains and (losses)

	2022	2021
Net foreign exchange gain (loss)	\$ 205,496	(\$ 25,264)
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(35)	372
Disposal of investment gains	4,228	-
Gains (losses) on revaluation of fair value of investments accounted for using equity method	-	2,780
Depreciation charges on investment property	(1,398)	(1,383)
Others	1,025	(461)
	<u>\$ 209,316</u>	<u>(\$ 23,956)</u>

(XXIV) Finance cost

	2022	2021
Interest expense on bank borrowings	\$ 4,912	\$ 401
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	2,529	2,586
Others	43	-
	<u>\$ 7,484</u>	<u>\$ 2,987</u>

(XXV) Expenses by nature

	2022	2021
Employee benefits expense	\$ 1,349,067	\$ 1,169,023
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	\$ 97,474	\$ 67,274
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	\$ 29,827	\$ 28,566
Amortization charges on the intangible assets and deferred assets.	\$ 26,074	\$ 24,851

(XXVI) Employee benefits expense

	2022	2021
Payroll expenses	\$ 1,130,470	\$ 989,278
Employee stock options	31,447	19,973
Labor and health insurance fees	81,009	70,156
Pension costs	39,079	32,493
Directors' remuneration	24,056	20,821
Other employee benefit expenses	43,006	36,302
	<u>\$ 1,349,067</u>	<u>\$ 1,169,023</u>

1. If the Company has any balance after making up the losses according to the pre-tax profit of the current year minus the profit before distributing the remuneration of employees and directors, the following allocation shall be made:

- (1) Employees' remuneration of more than 3%.

- (2) Directors' remuneration of less than 2%.

The remuneration of employees referred to above shall be in shares or cash as determined by special resolution of the board meeting, and reported to the shareholders' meeting. The recipients shall include employees of subordinate companies in which the voting shares held by the Company or the Company's capital contribution exceeds half of the subordinate companies' total number of voting shares issued or total capital.

2. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the estimated amount of employees' remuneration was NT\$120,225 and NT\$105,000, respectively; the estimated amount of directors' and supervisors' remuneration was NT\$21,000 and NT\$18,400, respectively; the aforementioned amounts were recorded as salary expenses.

The employees' remuneration and directors' and supervisors' remuneration were estimated and respectively accrued based on 5.14% and 0.9% of the Company's profit of 2022.

The employees' remuneration and directors' and supervisors' remuneration approved by the board meeting for 2021 were NT\$105,000 and NT\$18,400, respectively, which were consistent with the amounts recognized in the 2021 consolidated financial statements, and NT\$105,000 and NT\$18,400 have been paid respectively in cash as of December 31, 2022.

3. Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors and shareholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(XXVII) Income tax

1. Income tax expense

(1) Components of income tax expense

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Current income tax:		
Current income tax liabilities and (assets)	\$ 210,127	\$ 292,418
Amount of income tax not paid in the previous year	(83)	(308)
Tax underestimate (overestimate) in the previous year	(21,188)	(11,825)
Withholding and provisional tax	212,618	124,822
Additional tax on undistributed earnings	(20,254)	(14,215)
Total current income tax	<u>381,220</u>	<u>390,892</u>
Deferred income tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(12,700)	(14,907)
Others:		
Additional tax on undistributed earnings	20,254	14,215
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	(3,735)	(27)
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 385,039</u>	<u>\$ 390,173</u>

- (2) For the year ended 2022 and 2021, the Group had no income tax related to other comprehensive income and direct debits or credits.

2. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Income tax calculated based on profit before tax and statutory tax rate (note)	\$ 477,103	\$ 415,047
Impact of income tax of investment tax credits	(30,000)	(16,000)
Realized investment loss on domestic operations	(45,052)	-
Unrealized investment gain on domestic operations	(17,865)	(11,004)
Impact that cannot be recognized according to laws and regulations	566	(421)
Tax overestimate in the previous year	(21,188)	(11,825)
Additional tax on undistributed earnings	20,254	14,215
Others	1,221	161
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 385,039</u>	<u>\$ 390,173</u>

Note: The basis for applicable tax rate is calculated at the rate applicable to the Company in the country where it is located at.

3. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences are as follows:

	<u>2022</u>			
	January 1	Recognized in profit or loss	Business combinations	December 31
Deferred income tax assets:				
Loss on decline in (gain from reversal of) market value and obsolete and slow-moving inventories	\$ 44,087	\$ 10,648	\$ -	\$ 54,735
Deferred unrealized sales benefits	4,232	(2,130)	-	2,102
Provisions for after-sales services	11,970	1,852	-	13,822
Attendance bonus	2,454	612	-	3,066
Unrealized exchange loss	406	2,798	-	3,204
Tax loss	<u>13,190</u>	<u>(4,962)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,228</u>
Subtotal	76,339	8,818	-	85,157
Deferred income tax liabilities:				
Unrealized investment gain on foreign operations	<u>(8,279)</u>	<u>3,882</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,397)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 68,060</u>	<u>\$ 12,700</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 80,760</u>

	2021			
	January 1	Recognized in profit or loss	Business combinations	December 31
Deferred income tax assets:				
Loss on decline in (gain from reversal of) market value and obsolete and slow-moving inventories	\$ 17,617	\$ 26,470	\$ -	\$ 44,087
Deferred unrealized sales benefits	3,749	483	-	4,232
Provisions for after-sales services	12,289	(319)	-	11,970
Attendance bonus	2,098	356	-	2,454
Unrealized investment loss on foreign operations	2,878	(2,878)	-	-
Unrealized exchange loss	1,224	(818)	-	406
Tax loss	3,852	(108)	9,446	13,190
Subtotal	<u>43,707</u>	<u>23,186</u>	<u>9,446</u>	<u>76,339</u>
Deferred income tax liabilities:				
Unrealized investment loss on foreign operations	-	(8,279)	-	(8,279)
Total	<u>\$ 43,707</u>	<u>\$ 14,907</u>	<u>\$ 9,446</u>	<u>\$ 68,060</u>

4. The effective period of the Group's unused tax losses and the income of unrecognized deferred income tax assets are as follows:

	Occurring year	December 31, 2022			
		Declared amount/approved amount	Amount not yet deducted	Income from unrecognized deferred income tax assets	Last deduction year
Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.	2016 (approved amount)	\$ 8,217	\$ 2,126	\$ -	2026
	2017 (approved amount)	19,055	19,055	-	2027
	2018 (approved amount)	21,381	21,381	1,425	2028
	2019 (approved amount)	16,927	16,927	16,927	2029
	2020 (approved amount)	14,317	14,317	14,317	2030
	2021 (declared amount)	3,283	3,283	3,283	2031
			<u>\$ 83,180</u>	<u>\$ 77,089</u>	<u>\$ 35,952</u>

	Occurring year	December 31, 2021			
		Declared amount/approved amount	Amount not yet deducted	Income from unrecognized deferred income tax assets	Last deduction year
Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.	2016 (approved amount)	\$ 8,217	\$ 8,217	\$ -	2026
	2017 (approved amount)	19,055	19,055	-	2027
	2018 (approved amount)	21,381	21,381	1,425	2028
	2019 (approved amount)	16,927	16,927	16,927	2029
	2020 (declared amount)	14,317	14,317	14,317	2030
	2021 (declared amount)	3,283	3,283	3,283	2031
Innodisk USA	2020 (declared amount)	17,828	17,828	-	No deadline
		<u>\$ 101,008</u>	<u>\$ 101,008</u>	<u>\$ 35,952</u>	

5. The Company's income tax returns have been assessed and approved by the tax authority up to 2020.

The income tax returns of the Group's domestic consolidated subsidiary Aetina Corporation have been assessed and approved by the tax authority up to 2020.

The income tax returns of the Group's domestic consolidated subsidiary Antzer Tech Co.,Ltd. have been assessed and approved by the tax authority up to 2020.

(XXVIII) Earnings per share

	2022		
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of share outstanding (thousand shares)	Earnings per share (NT\$)
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Current net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	\$ 1,850,189	86,207	21.46
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Current net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	\$ 1,850,189	86,207	
Impact of conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
- Employee remuneration	-	775	
- Employee stock options	-	183	
Current net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company plus the impact of potential ordinary shares from conversion	\$ 1,850,189	87,165	21.23

	2021		
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of share outstanding (thousand shares)	Earnings per share (NT\$)
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Current net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	\$ 1,560,888	84,899	18.39
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Current net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	\$ 1,560,888	84,899	
Impact of conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
- Employee remuneration	-	577	
- Employee stock options	-	858	
Current net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company plus the impact of potential ordinary shares from conversion	\$ 1,560,888	86,334	18.08

The aforesaid weighted average number of outstanding shares in 2021 has been retroactively adjusted according to the ratio of capital increase from surplus in 2021.

(XXIX) Business combinations

1. The Group acquired 68.11% of equity of Antzer Tech Co.,Ltd. on May 18, 2021 in the amount of NT\$19,889 in cash, and obtained the control over Antzer Tech Co.,Ltd., which sells software and hardware related to automotive electronics.
2. Information on the consideration paid for the acquisition of Antzer Tech Co.,Ltd., the fair value of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed on the acquisition date, and the fair value of the non-controlling interests on the acquisition date is as follows:

	<u>May 18, 2021</u>
Consideration for acquisition - cash	\$ 19,889
Acquisition-date fair value of equities in Antzer Tech Co.,Ltd. previously held	9,311
	29,200
Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed	
Cash and cash equivalents	7,007
Notes receivable	13
Accounts receivable	1,583
Other receivables	134
Inventories	5,197
Prepayments	998
Property, plant and equipment	182
Intangible assets	9,000
Other non-current assets	9,616
Contract liabilities - current	(1,424)
Accounts payable	(829)
Accounts payable -- related parties	(247)
Other payables	(1,984)
Other current liabilities	(46)
Total identifiable net assets	<u>29,200</u>
Goodwill	<u>\$ -</u>

3. The fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired (including trademark rights and patent rights) is NT\$9,000.
4. The Group had held 31.89% of equity interests in Antzer Tech Co.,Ltd. before the business combination, and the gains recognized after remeasurement at fair value were NT\$2,780.
5. The Group merged with Antzer Tech Co., Ltd. on May 18, 2021, the operating revenue and the net income before income tax contributed by Antzer Tech Co., Ltd. were NT\$5,812 and NT\$893, respectively. If it is assumed that Antzer Tech Co., Ltd. had been included in the consolidated entities since January 1, 2021, the Group's operating revenue and profit before income tax for 2021 would be NT\$10,199,564 and NT\$1,966,409, respectively.

(XXX) Supplemental cash flow information

1. Investing activities with partial cash payments

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$ 516,332	\$ 308,481
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment	16,348	-
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(52,801)	(16,348)
Cash paid during the year	<u>\$ 479,879</u>	<u>\$ 292,133</u>

2. Financing activities with no cash flow effects

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Stock dividends	<u>\$ 24,801</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

(XXXI) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	<u>2022</u>			
	<u>Other payables - Cash dividends payable</u>	<u>Long-term loans (including current portion)</u>	<u>Lease liabilities (current/non- current)</u>	<u>Guarantee deposit received</u>
January 1	\$ -	\$ 142,654	\$ 208,577	\$ 1,402
Increase in borrowings	-	180,000	-	-
Repayment of borrowings	-	(2,195)	-	-
Declared cash dividends	967,217	-	-	-
Cash dividends paid	(967,217)	-	-	-
Increase in principal of lease liabilities	-	-	42,156	-
Payment of lease liabilities	-	-	(29,320)	-
Other non-cash transactions	-	-	(11,000)	-
Increase in guarantee deposits received	-	-	-	771
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	-	-	-	(599)
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	-	-	-
December 31	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 321,076</u>	<u>\$ 210,413</u>	<u>\$ 1,586</u>

	2021			
	Other payables - Cash dividends payable	Long-term loans (including current portion)	Lease liabilities (current/non- current)	Guarantee deposit received
January 1	\$ -	\$ 20,311	\$ 214,879	\$ 1,243
Increase in borrowings	-	126,680	-	-
Repayment of borrowings	-	(2,321)	-	-
Declared cash dividends	553,003	-	-	-
Cash dividends paid (553,003)	-	-	-
Increase in principal of lease liabilities	-	-	23,477	-
Payment of lease liabilities	-	-	(28,110)	-
Other non-cash transactions	-	-	(1,669)	-
Increase in guarantee deposits received	-	-	-	524
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	-	-	-	(332)
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	(2,016)	-	(33)
December 31	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 142,654</u>	<u>\$ 208,577</u>	<u>\$ 1,402</u>

VII. Related-party transactions

(I) Related parties' names and relationships

<u>Name of the related party</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>
<u>Affiliates:</u>	
Millitronic Co.,Ltd.	An entity over which the Group has significant influence
Sysinno Technology Inc.	An entity over which the Group has significant influence
Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.	First quarter of 2021: An individual company on which the Group has a significant influence. The Group acquired the control over it in the second quarter of 2021, and it became a subsidiary of the Group. Therefore, the transactions before the acquisition of control are disclosed.
<u>Other related parties:</u>	
I-Media Tech Co., Ltd.	The chairman of that company and one of the Company's directors are the same person.
Innodisk Foundation	The amount donated by the Company and the directors is more than one-third of the total fund received by the foundation.
All directors, the general manager and key executives.	The Group's key executives and governance units

(II) Significant transactions with the related parties

1. Sales of goods

(1) Operating revenue

The Group's revenue from sales of goods and services to the related parties is shown as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
An entity over which the Group has significant influence	\$ 213	\$ 362

The prices of products sold and services provided to the related parties from the Group are based on the agreements between the parties. The payment terms are net 25 to net 35. There are no significant differences with the non-related parties. The payment terms for non-related parties are payment in advance and net 30 to 90 days.

(2) Accounts receivable

The Group's accounts receivable from the above transactions with related parties is shown as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
An entity over which the Group has significant influence	\$ 109	\$ 2

2. Purchase transaction

(1) Operating costs

Details on the Group's purchase transactions with related parties are as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
An entity over which the Group has significant influence	\$ 633	\$ 349
Other related parties	92	312
	<u>\$ 725</u>	<u>\$ 661</u>

The prices of the Group's purchase transactions with related parties are based on the agreements with such parties. The payment term is monthly settlement, net 30 to 90 days, which is not significantly different from those of non-related parties. The payment term for non-related parties is payment in advance, 7 days after shipment and monthly settlement, net 30 to 90 days.

(2) Accounts payable

The Group's accounts payment from the above transactions with related parties is shown as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
An entity over which the Group has significant influence	\$ 53	\$ 238
Other related parties	12	147
	<u>\$ 65</u>	<u>\$ 385</u>

3. Donations / operating expenses

The operating expenses arising from supporting education development, fulfilling corporate social responsibility and donations to related parties are detailed as follows:

	2022	2021
Innodisk Foundation	<u>\$ 4,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,000</u>

4. Leases and services

(1) Other income

The Group's income from leasing assets to related parties and providing administrative support and other services is detailed as follows:

	2022		2021	
	Rental income	Other income	Rental income	Other income
An entity over which the Group has significant influence	<u>\$ 960</u>	<u>\$ 360</u>	<u>\$ 127</u>	<u>\$ 779</u>

The Group's rental income from leasing out offices is negotiated with the related parties and is collected on a monthly basis.

(2) Other receivables

The Group's other accounts receivable from the above transactions with related parties is shown as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
An entity over which the Group has significant influence	<u>\$ 52</u>	<u>\$ 42</u>

(III) Compensation of key management personnel

	2022	2021
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 104,868	\$ 72,245
Post-employment benefits	835	745
Share-based payment	7,390	4,228
	<u>\$ 113,093</u>	<u>\$ 77,218</u>

VIII. Pledged assets

Assets pledged by the Group as collateral are as follows:

Assets	Book value		Purpose of guarantee
	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
Non-current financial assets at amortized cost			Provide pledged time deposits for lease and customs tax guarantee
- Pledged time deposits	\$ 10,706	\$ 10,706	
Land and buildings	450,313	156,159	Long-term loans
Investment property			Long-term loans
- Land and buildings	32,839	-	
	<u>\$ 493,858</u>	<u>\$ 166,865</u>	

IX. Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contract commitments

(I) Major contingent liabilities

Not applicable.

(II) Significant unrecognized contract commitments

1. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the amount of endorsements and guarantees for individual entities in the Group was NT\$27,768 and NT\$21,924, respectively, and the amount used was NT\$14,397 and NT\$15,973, respectively.
2. Capital expenditures with contracts signed that have not yet been incurred

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Property, plant and equipment	<u>\$ 383,940</u>	<u>\$ 268,544</u>

December 31, 2022: It was mainly due to the contract commitment of the Company to invest in the new plant in the Yilan area of Hsinchu Science Park for NT\$383,940.

December 31, 2021: It was mainly due to the contract commitment of the Company to purchase the real estate in Xizhi District, New Taipei City for NT\$268,544.

X. Losses due to major disasters

Not applicable.

XI. Significant events after the balance sheet date

Please refer to Note 6(19) for the distribution of 2022 earnings resolved by the board meeting on February 23, 2023.

XII. Others

(I) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. The total debt is the total liabilities reported in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Total capital is calculated as "equity" as shown in the Consolidated Balance Sheet, plus net debt.

The Group maintained the same strategy in 2022 as in 2021. Please refer to the consolidated balance sheet for the Group's debt-to-capital ratio as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

(II) Financial instruments

1. Types of financial instrument

For the Group's financial assets (cash and cash equivalents, current financial assets at amortized cost, notes receivable, accounts receivable, accounts receivable due from related parties, other receivables, other receivables due from related parties, non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current financial assets at amortized cost and guarantee deposits paid) and financial liabilities (accounts payable, accounts payable to related parties, other payables, Long-term loans (including the current portion), guarantee deposits received, current lease liabilities and non-current lease liabilities), please refer to the relevant information in the consolidated balance sheet and Note 6.

2. Risk management policies

(1) The Group's operations are exposed to a variety of financial risks, including market risk (exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and performance.

- (2) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the senior executives. The Group's treasury department primarily identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks.

3. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(1) Market risk

A. Foreign exchange risk

- (A) The Group is a multinational operation and therefore is subject to exchange rate risk arising from transactions between the different currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries, mainly in USD, RMB, JPY and Euro. The related exchange risk from future business transactions have been recognized in assets and liabilities.
- (B) The Group's management has set up policies to require companies within the Group to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. Each company hedges its overall exchange rate risk through its treasury department. Exchange rate risk arises when future business transactions and recognized assets or liabilities are denominated in foreign currencies that are not the entity's function currency.
- (C) The Group's operations involve certain non-functional currencies (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency is the New Taiwan dollar (NTD), and for other certain subsidiaries, the functional currency is Euro, USD, JPY and Renminbi (RMB)), so it is subject to the impact of exchange rate fluctuation. The details of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values that would be materially affected by exchange rate fluctuations are as follows:

(foreign currency: functional currency)	December 31, 2022		
	Foreign currency (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NT\$)
<u>Financial Assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	83,904	30.7100	\$ 2,576,692
RMB : NTD	9,803	4.4080	43,212
JPY : NTD	125,186	0.2324	29,093
EUR : NTD	399	32.7200	13,055
GBP : NTD	5	37.0900	185
<u>Financial Liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	19,271	30.7100	\$ 591,812
JPY : NTD	4,662	0.2324	1,083
EUR : NTD	4	32.7200	131
USD : RMB	2,336	6.9670	71,739

(foreign currency: functional currency)	December 31, 2021		
	Foreign currency (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NT\$)
<u>Financial Assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	91,034	27.6800	\$ 2,519,821
RMB : NTD	22,109	4.3440	96,041
JPY : NTD	224,092	0.2405	53,894
EUR : NTD	320	31.3200	10,022
<u>Financial Liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	30,209	27.6800	\$ 836,185
JPY : NTD	5,837	0.2405	1,404
EUR : NTD	4	31.3200	125
USD : RMB	3,090	6.3720	85,531

(D) Please refer to Note 6(23) for the total exchange gain (loss) (realized and unrealized) due to significant foreign exchange rate fluctuations on monetary items held by the Group in 2022 and 2021.

(E) The analysis of foreign currency risk due to significant exchange rate fluctuation is as follows:

		2022		
		Sensitivity Analysis		
		Fluctuation	Impact on profit or loss	Impact on other comprehensive income
<u>Financial Assets</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD : NTD	1%	\$	25,767	\$ -
RMB : NTD	1%		432	-
JPY : NTD	1%		291	-
EUR : NTD	1%		131	-
GBP : NTD	1%		2	-
<u>Financial Liabilities</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD : NTD	1%	(5,918)	-
JPY : NTD	1%	(11)	-
EUR : NTD	1%	(1)	-
USD : RMB	1%	(717)	-
		2021		
		Sensitivity Analysis		
		Fluctuation	Impact on profit or loss	Impact on other comprehensive income
<u>Financial Assets</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD : NTD	1%	\$	25,198	\$ -
RMB : NTD	1%		960	-
JPY : NTD	1%		539	-
EUR : NTD	1%		100	-
<u>Financial Liabilities</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD : NTD	1%	(8,362)	-
EUR : NTD	1%	(1)	-
JPY : NTD	1%	(14)	-
USD : RMB	1%	(855)	-

B. Price risk

(A) The Group's equity instruments exposed to price risk are financial assets held and recognized at fair value through other comprehensive income. In order to manage the price risk of equity instrument investment, the Group dispersed its investment portfolio in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

(B) The Group mainly invests in equity instruments issued by domestic companies, and the price of such equity instruments will be affected by the uncertainty of the future values of the investment objects. If the price of such instruments rises or falls by 1%, while all other factors remain unchanged, the other comprehensive income classified as equity investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income in 2022 and 2021 will increase or decrease by NT\$278 and NT\$0 respectively.

C. Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

(A) The Group's interest rate risk arises from long-term loans. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash and cash equivalents held at floating rates. The Group's borrowings at floating rates in 2022 and 2021 were denominated in NTD and EUR.

(B) On December 31, 2022 and 2021, if the borrowing rate increased by 1% with all other reasons remained unchanged, the net profit before tax in 2022 and 2021 would decrease by NT\$3,211 and NT\$1,427 respectively, mainly due to the increase of borrowing interest caused by floating interest rates.

(2) Credit risk

A. The credit risk of the Group is the risk of financial loss of the Group due to the inability of customers or counterparties of financial instruments to perform their contractual obligations, mainly due to the inability of counterparties to pay off the notes and accounts receivable according to the terms of collection, and the contractual cash flow classified as debt instrument investment measured at amortized cost.

B. The management of credit risk is established with a Group perspective. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analyzing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the management. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored.

- C. The credit risk of the Group's investment in debt instrument measured at amortized cost refers to counterparties defaulting on contractual obligations, leading to the Group's financial losses. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- D. In considering the past experience, if the contract payment is overdue for more than 30 days in accordance with the agreed payment terms, the credit risk of the financial asset is significantly increased since the original recognition.
- E. In considering the past experience with payment collection, if a contract payment is overdue for more than 180 days in accordance with the agreed payment terms, it is considered a breach of contract.
- F. The Group categorizes the accounts receivable from customers based on their evaluation ratings. The loss rate method is adopted as the basis for estimating the expected credit loss.
- G. The Group has included the economic indicators and signals of the National Development Council and Basel Committee on Banking Supervision's forward-looking considerations to adjust the loss rate based on historical and current information for a specific period.
- H. The Group uses the following indicators to determine the status of credit impairments of debt instruments:
 - (A) The issuer has suffered significant financial difficulties or is likely to enter bankruptcy or other financial restructuring.
 - (B) The issuer has suffered significant financial difficulties or is likely to enter bankruptcy or other financial restructuring.
 - (C) The issuer delays or does not pay for the interest or principal.
 - (D) Unfavorable changes in the national- or regional-level economic situation resulting in the issuer's default.
- I. The Group will continue the recourse for financial assets that have defaulted to protect the rights of the claims. The Group may write off the amount of financial assets that cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered after recourse.
- J. The Group has incorporated forward-looking considerations to adjust the loss rate built according to historic and current data in order to estimate the loss allowance notes and accounts receivables. The loss rates are shown as follows:

	Not past due	Less than 30 days past due	31 to 60 days past due	61 to 180 days past due	More than 181 days past due	Total
December 31, 2022						
Expected loss rate	0.03%~0.08%	0.03%~1.12%	0.03%~13.46%	0.03%~82.66%	100%	
Notes receivable	\$ 2,565	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,565
Accounts receivable	1,330,860	82,406	4,885	11,686	11,671	1,441,508
Total book value	<u>\$ 1,333,425</u>	<u>\$ 82,406</u>	<u>\$ 4,885</u>	<u>\$ 11,686</u>	<u>\$ 11,671</u>	<u>\$ 1,444,073</u>
Loss provision	<u>(\$ 703)</u>	<u>(\$ 603)</u>	<u>(\$ 401)</u>	<u>(\$ 9,227)</u>	<u>(\$ 11,671)</u>	<u>(\$ 22,605)</u>
December 31, 2021						
Expected loss rate	0.03%~0.08%	0.03%~0.95%	0.03%~12.82%	0.03%~81.53%	100%	
Notes receivable	\$ 1,986	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,986
Accounts receivable	1,472,521	72,779	10,907	877	-	1,557,084
Total book value	<u>\$ 1,474,507</u>	<u>\$ 72,779</u>	<u>\$ 10,907</u>	<u>\$ 877</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,559,070</u>
Loss provision	<u>(\$ 884)</u>	<u>(\$ 364)</u>	<u>(\$ 578)</u>	<u>(\$ 619)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(\$ 2,445)</u>

The above is an aging report based on the number of days past due.

K. The Group adopts a simplified method in which the loss allowance for the accounts receivable is shown below:

	2022	2021
	Accounts receivable	Accounts receivable
January 1	\$ 2,445	\$ 1,206
Expected loss (profit) on credit impairment	20,056	1,228
Write-offs	-	(3)
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	104	14
December 31	<u>\$ 22,605</u>	<u>\$ 2,445</u>

(3) Liquidity risk

- A. Cash flow forecasting is performed by the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by the Group's treasury department. It monitors rolling forecasts of liquidity requirements to ensure the Group has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- B. The Finance Department of the Group invests the remaining funds in interest-bearing demand deposits and equity securities; the instruments chosen have appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to respond to the forecasts above and provide sufficient funds required in the future. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's positions in the currency and securities markets are expected to generate immediate cash flow for the management of liquidity risk.
- C. The Group does not have derivative financial liabilities. The table below analyzes the non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groups based on the

remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. Except for those listed in the table, others mature within a year. The undiscounted cash flow amount is equivalent to the amount listed in the balance sheet. The remaining undiscounted cash flow of non-derivative financial liabilities is shown as follows:

<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>Less than 1</u>					
<u>Non-derivative Financial</u>	<u>year</u>	<u>1 to 2 years</u>	<u>2 to 5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>	<u>Total</u>	
<u>Liabilities:</u>						
Lease liabilities (current/non-current)	\$ 24,596	\$ 14,461	\$ 28,669	\$ 180,528	\$ 248,254	
Long-term loans (including current portion)	13,364	22,234	56,897	255,942	348,437	
<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>Less than 1</u>					
<u>Non-derivative Financial</u>	<u>year</u>	<u>1 to 2 years</u>	<u>2 to 5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>	<u>Total</u>	
<u>Liabilities:</u>						
Lease liabilities (current/non-current)	\$ 24,510	\$ 17,390	\$ 24,708	\$ 182,208	\$ 248,816	
Long-term loans (including current portion)	3,629	11,967	26,817	114,597	157,010	

(III) Fair value information

1. Each level of evaluation technology used to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments is defined as follows:

Level 1: The Company may obtain the quoted price (unadjusted) of the same asset or liability in an active market on the measurement date. An active market refers to a market with sufficient frequency and quantity of asset or liability transactions to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investments in TWSE and TPEX listed stocks belongs to this category.

Level 2: The input value of assets or liabilities is directly or indirectly observable, except for the quotations included in Level 1.

Level 3: The input value of assets or liabilities is unobservable.

2. For fair value information of investment property measured at cost, please refer to Note 6 (10).

3. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

For the Group's financial assets (cash and cash equivalents, current financial assets at amortized cost, notes receivable, accounts receivable, accounts receivable due from related parties, other receivables, other receivables due from related parties, non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current financial assets at amortized cost and guarantee deposits paid) and financial liabilities (accounts payable, accounts payable to related parties, other payables, long-term borrowings (including the current portion), guarantee deposits received, current lease liabilities and non-current lease liabilities) which are not measured at fair value, the book amount is a reasonable approximation of the fair value.

4. Financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value are classified by the Group based on the nature, characteristics and risks of assets and liabilities and the level of fair value, and the relevant information is as follows:

(1) For those classified by the Group based on the nature of assets and liabilities, the relevant information is as follows:

<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Repetitive fair value</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
- Equity securities	\$ 27,839	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,839

December 31, 2021: None.

(2) The methods and assumptions used by the Group to measure fair value are as follows:

A. Where the Group adopts market quotation as the fair value input (i.e., Level 1), the closing price of the shares of TWSE and TPEX listed companies on the balance sheet date shall be adopted.

B. The Group includes the adjustment of credit risk evaluation into the calculation of fair value of financial instruments and non-financial instruments to reflect the credit risk of counterparties and the credit quality of the Group.

5. The Group did not have any transfer between Level 1 and Level 2, and there was no change in Level 3 and no transfer into and out of Level 3 in 2022 and 2021.

(IV) Additional information

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic and the anti-pandemic measures implemented by the government, the Group has adjusted the resources, manpower, and supply chain prudently and flexibly. Meanwhile, we have adopted relevant measures, such as flexible working hours and regular screening, to reduce the impact of the pandemic on the Group's operations. As of February 23, 2023, the changes in the pandemic did not have any significant impact on our operations.

XIII. Additional disclosures

(I) Significant transactions information

1. Loans to others: None.
2. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to Schedule 1.
3. Holdings of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to Note 2.
4. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
5. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to Schedule 3.
6. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
7. The amount of goods purchased or sold with related parties reaches NT\$100 million or more than 20% of the paid-in capital: Please refer to Schedule 4.
8. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to Schedule 5.
9. Engagement in derivative transactions: None.
10. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to Schedule 6.

(II) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in China): Please refer to Schedule 7.

(III) Information on investments in China

1. Basic information: Please refer to Schedule 8.
2. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in China: Please refer to Schedule 9.

(IV) Information on major shareholders

Information on major shareholders: Please refer to Schedule 10.

XIV. Operating Segments Information

(I) General information

The Group is involved in only one industry. The main business is the research, development, manufacturing and sales of industrial memory storage devices. The Group's operating decision maker evaluates the performance and allocates resources of the Group as a whole, and has identified that the Company has only one reportable operating segment.

(II) Measurement of segment information

The accounting policies of the operating segments of the Group are the same as those of the Company. The Company's operating decision maker assesses the performance of each operating segments based on the operating net profit.

(III) Information on segment profit and loss, assets and liabilities

The Group has only one reportable segment and is not required to disclose information on segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities. The accounting policies and estimates of the Company's reportable segment are the same as the significant accounting policies summarized in Note 4 and 5 and significant estimates and assumptions.

(IV) Information on reconciliation of segment profit and loss, assets and liabilities

1. Sales between segments are conducted according to the principle of transactions at fair value. The operating revenue from external customers reported to the operating decision maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the comprehensive income statement. A reconciliation of reportable segment income to the profit before tax from continuing operations is provided as follows:

	2022	2021
Profit (loss) from reportable segments	\$ 2,039,461	\$ 1,949,246
Interest income	14,248	5,860
Other income	16,571	51,745
Other gains and losses	209,316	(23,956)
Finance cost	(7,484)	(2,987)
Shares of losses of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	(5,785)	(7,854)
Income (loss) before tax from continuing operations	<u>\$ 2,266,327</u>	<u>\$ 1,972,054</u>

2. The amount of total assets provided to the key operation decision-makers is measured in a manner consistent with that for the assets on the balance sheet, and the Group's reportable segment assets are equal to total assets with no reconciliation required.

(V) Information on products and services

The Group is in the business of various industrial memory storage devices, and the details on revenue balance are shown as follows:

	2022	2021
Industrial embedded storage devices	\$ 5,418,952	\$ 4,972,304
Industrial dynamic random-access memory module	3,968,015	4,574,580
Others	916,262	648,774
	<u>\$ 10,303,229</u>	<u>\$ 10,195,658</u>

(VI) Geographical information

The information of the Group's income from external customers by country and non-current assets by asset location is as follows:

	2022		2021	
	Revenue	Non-current assets (note)	Revenue	Non-current assets (note)
Taiwan	\$ 3,158,884	\$ 2,372,172	\$ 3,049,064	\$ 1,929,440
United States	1,478,064	70,260	1,536,890	61,158
Japan	793,895	4,580	677,391	6,431
Germany	796,753	-	667,876	-
China	1,594,896	7,712	1,962,778	11,207
Others	2,480,737	54,704	2,301,659	44,650
	<u>\$ 10,303,229</u>	<u>\$ 2,509,428</u>	<u>\$ 10,195,658</u>	<u>\$ 2,052,886</u>

Note: Non-current assets do not include financial assets and deferred income tax assets:

(VII) Major customer information

The Group did not have any single customer accounting for more than 10% of its operating revenue in 2022 and 2021.

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others
January 1 to December 31, 2022

Schedule 1

Expressed in Thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Endorser / guarantor	Party being endorsed/guaranteed		Endorsement and guarantee limit for a single enterprise (Note 3)	Maximum outstanding endorsement/guarantee amount for the period (Note 4)	Outstanding endorsement/guarantee amount for the period	Actual amount drawn down	Amount of endorsements/ guarantees secured with collateral	Percentage of accumulated endorsement/guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/guarantor company	Limit on endorsements/guarantees (Note 3)	Provision of endorsements/guar- antees by the parent company to the subsidiary	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by the subsidiary to the parent company	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees to the party in China	Remarks
		Company name	Relation- ship with the endorser/ guarantor (Note 2)											
0	Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Europe B.V.	2	\$ 1,402,573	\$ 22,904	\$ 22,904	\$ 14,397	\$ -	0.33%	\$ 3,506,434	Y	N	N	
1	Innodisk Europe B.V.	Innodisk France SAS	4	8,560	4,864	4,864	-	-	11.37%	21,399	N	N	N	

Note 1: The numbers to be filled in the number column is explained as follows:

- (1). Fill in 0 for the issuer.
- (2). The invested companies are numbered in order starting from 1.

Note 2: Relationships between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed are classified into the following seven categories; fill in the number of the category:

- (1). A company with business dealings.
- (2). A company in which the Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of its voting shares.
- (3). A company which directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares of the Company.
- (4). A company in which the Company directly or indirectly holds more than 90% of its voting shares.
- (5). A company with mutual guarantees in accordance with the contract which is in the same industry or a joint constructor for the purpose of contracting the project.
- (6). A company jointly endorsed/guaranteed by all its shareholders in proportion to their ownerships due to joint venture.
- (7). Performance guarantee and joint guarantee by industry peers engaging in a house pre-sale contract in accordance with the Consumer Protection Act.

Note 3: The total amount of endorsements and guarantees of the Company shall not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth, and the total amount to a single enterprise shall not exceed 20% of the Company's net worth.

Note 4: The total amount of endorsements and guarantees by a subsidiary shall not exceed 50% of the subsidiary's net worth, and the total amount to a single enterprise shall not exceed 20% of the subsidiary's net worth.

Note 5: Maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees in the current year.

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including those of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)
December 31, 2022

Schedule 2

Expressed in Thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Holding company	Type and name of securities	Relationship with the issuer of securities	Account of recognition	Period end				Remarks
				Number of Shares	Book value	Shareholding percentage	Fair value	
Innodisk Corporation	Preference shares of TWSE/TPEX list domestic companies - Supreme Electronics Co., Ltd.	No	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	666,000	\$ 27,839	2.22%	\$ 27,839	

Note: The shareholding ratio is calculated based on the total number of shares of the same type issued by the investee company; the stocks of TWSE and TPEX listed companies are expressed at the closing price at the end of the period, and the stocks of non-TWSE or non-TPEX listed companies are expressed at the estimated fair value.

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital or more
January 1 to December 31, 2022

Schedule 3

Expressed in Thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

The company which acquired the real estate	Property name	Date of fact	Transaction amount (Note)	Payment status	Counterparty	Relationship with the endorser/guarantor	Previous transfer information if the counterparty is a related party				Reference for price determination	Purpose of acquisition and status of use	Other agreed matters
							Owner	Relationship with the Issuer	Transfer date	Amount			
Innodisk Corporation	Real estate in Xizhi District, New Taipei City	November 2021	\$ 337,346	2021: Paid the price of the first to the third installment totaling NT\$68,802; 2022: Paid the balance of NT\$268,544. Paid NT\$337,346 in total.	Kingfisher Technology Corporation	-	-	-	-	-	In accordance with the contract.	For the Company's operation.	No

Note: It refers to the total contract price and deed tax.

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NTD\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more
January 1 to December 31, 2022

Schedule 4

Expressed in Thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Purchaser/seller	Counterparty name	Relationship with the endorser/guarantor	Transaction				Differences in transaction terms of general transactions and reasons		Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		Remarks
			Purchase/Sales	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit Price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk USA Corporation	Subsidiary	(Sales)	(\$ 1,116,708)	(12%)	Net 60	None	None	\$ 139,295	10%	
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	Subsidiary	(Sales)	(511,711)	(6%)	Net 60	None	None	79,320	6%	
Innodisk USA Corporation	Innodisk Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	1,116,708	19%	Net 60	None	None	(139,295)	(21%)	
Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	Innodisk Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	511,711	9%	Net 60	None	None	(79,320)	(12%)	

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
 Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more:
 January 1 to December 31, 2022

Schedule 5

Expressed in Thousands of NTD
 (Except as otherwise indicated)

Companies with accounts receivable	Counterparty name	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor	Balance of account receivable from related parties	Turnover rate	Overdue receivables		Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Amount of recognized allowance for bad debts
					Amount	Action taken		
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk USA Corporation	Subsidiary	\$ 139,295	5.45	\$ -	Not applicable	\$ 45,890	\$ -
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	Subsidiary	79,320	6.21	-	Not applicable	46,730	-

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
 Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods and their business relationships.
 January 1 to December 31, 2022

Schedule 6

Individual transactions less than NT\$10 million will not be disclosed. Transactions which are disclosed as part of the parent company's transactions will not be disclosed again.

Expressed in Thousands of NTD
 (Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Relationship	Counterparty	Relationship	General ledger account	Status of transaction		Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 2)
					Amount	Transaction terms	
0	Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk USA Corporation	Parent company to subsidiary	Sales	\$ 1,116,708	Same with other customers	11%
0	Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	Parent company to subsidiary	Sales	511,711	Same with other customers	5%
0	Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk USA Corporation	Parent company to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	139,295	Same with other customers	1%
0	Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	Parent company to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	79,320	Same with other customers	1%
0	Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk USA Corporation	Parent company to subsidiary	Purchase	26,916	Same with other customers	0%
0	Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Japan Corporation	Parent company to subsidiary	Operating expenses	39,434	Same with other customers	0%
0	Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Europe B.V.	Parent company to subsidiary	Operating expenses	69,944	Same with other customers	1%

Note 1: The business dealing information between the parent company and its subsidiaries shall be indicated in the number field respectively. The filling method of the number is as follows:

- (1). Parent company is "0".
- (2). The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from "1".

Note 2: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement account.

Note 3: For details of endorsements and guarantees between the parent and subsidiaries, please refer to Schedule (I) for the description of endorsements and guarantees for others.

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in China)
January 1 to December 31, 2022

Schedule 7

Expressed in Thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Name of Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount (Note 1)		Shares held as of the end of period			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the current period	Investment income(loss) recognized by the Company for the current period	Remarks
				Balance at the end of period	End of the previous year	Number of Shares	Percentage	Book value			
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk USA Corporation	United States	Industrial embedded storage devices	\$ 140,499	\$ 140,499	2,046,511	100	\$ 115,751	\$ 6,144	\$ 5,440	
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Japan Corporation	Japan	After-sales services and support of industrial embedded storage devices	3,533	3,533	196	100	9,767	1,544	1,506	
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Europe B.V.	Netherlands	After-sales services and support of industrial embedded storage devices	17,802	17,802	50,000,100	100	42,783	7,844	7,844	
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Global-M Corporation	Mauritius	Investment holdings	20,154	20,154	665,000	100	40,667	(34,568)	(34,571)	
Innodisk Corporation	Aetina Corporation	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sales of industrial graphics cards	24,091	24,091	19,107,283	74.20	306,394	122,272	91,108	
Innodisk Corporation	Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electronic parts and components manufacturing.	57,133	57,133	58,400,000	100.00	32,549	5,787	4,003	
Innodisk Corporation	AccelStor Inc.	Taiwan	Computers and computing peripheral equipment manufacturing	-	225,318	-	-	-	-	-	Note 2
Innodisk Corporation	Millitronic Co.,Ltd.	Taiwan	Electronic parts and components manufacturing.	54,157	54,157	5,415,720	33.55	6,134	(11,046)	(4,366)	
Innodisk Corporation	Sysinno Technology Inc.	Taiwan	Electronic parts and components manufacturing.	12,900	12,900	645,000	43.00	6,819	(3,299)	(1,419)	
Innodisk Europe B.V.	Innodisk France SAS	France	After-sales services and support of industrial embedded storage devices	175	175	5,000	100.00	2,166	1,416	1,416	
Aetina Corporation	Aetina USA Corporation	United States	After-sales service and support for industrial graphics cards	-	-	-	100.00	104	104	104	Note 3
Aetina Corporation	Aetina Europe B.V.	Netherlands	After-sales service and support for industrial graphics cards	-	-	-	100.00	267	267	267	Note 4

Note 1: Disclosed at the historical exchange rate

Note 2: The liquidation of AccelStor Inc. was completed on May 19, 2022,

Note 3: Aetina Corporation established the subsidiary Aetina USA Corporation in September 2021, and the capital injection has not been completed as of December 31, 2022.

Note 4: Aetina Corporation established the subsidiary Aetina Europe B.V. in January 2022, and the capital injection has not been completed as of December 31, 2022.

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Information on investments in China - Basic data
January 1 to December 31, 2022

Schedule 8

Expressed in Thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to China	Amount remitted from Taiwan to China/Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the year		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to China	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the current period	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income(loss) recognized by the Company for the current period (Note 2)	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan	Remarks
					Remitted to	Remitted back							
Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	Industrial embedded storage devices	\$18,168 (US\$600 thousands) (Note 3)	2. Innodisk Global-M Corporation	\$18,168 (US\$600 thousands) (Note 3)	\$ -	\$ -	\$18,168 (US\$600 thousands) (Note 3)	(\$ 34,568)	100	(\$ 34,568)	\$ 39,309	\$ -	

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of the category that each case belongs to:

- (1). Directly invest in a company in China.
- (2). Re-investment in China through a company in a third area (please specify the company in the third area)
- (3). Other methods

Note 2: The investment income (loss) recognized in the current period is based on the investee company's financial statements for the same period audited by the parent company's independent accountants in Taiwan.

Note 3: Disclosed at the historical exchange rate

Company name	Accumulated amount of investment remitted from Taiwan to China at the end of the period	Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA)	Ceiling on investments in China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA (Note 4)
Innodisk Corporation	\$18,168 (US\$600 thousands) (Note 5)	\$18,168 (US\$600 thousands) (Note 5)	\$ 4,271,662

Note 4: The cap is 60% of the net worth in accordance with the provisions of the (90) Tai-Cai-Zheng (I) #006130 announced by the Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance on November 16, 2001.

Note 5: Disclosed at the historical exchange rate

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
 Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in China
 January 1 to December 31, 2022

Schedule 9

Expressed in Thousands of NTD
 (Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in China	Sales (Purchases)		Property transactions		Accounts receivable / payable		Notes endorsement and guarantee or provision of collateral		Financial intermediation				
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Balance	%	Balance at the end of the period	Purpose	Highest balance	Balance at the end of the period	Range of interest rate	Current interest rate	Others
Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	\$ 511,711	5%	\$ -	-	\$ 79,320	1%	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	-

Innodisk Corporation and Subsidiaries
Information on major shareholders
December 31, 2022

Schedule 10

Names of major shareholders	Shares	
	Number of Shares Held	Shareholding percentage
Rui Ding Invest Co., Ltd.	6,687,728	7.72%

Note 1: The information on major shareholders in this Exhibit is compiled by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation based on the last business day of the quarter in which the shareholders held 5% or more of the Company's common shares and preferred shares whose registration and delivery have been completed in non-physical form (including treasury shares).

The number of shares recorded in the Company's financial statements and the actual number of shares registered and delivered in non-physical form may differ depending on the basis of preparation of the calculations.

Note 2: If a shareholder delivers his or her shares to a trust, the above information shall be disclosed by the individual trustor account opened by the trustee. As for the shareholder's declaration of insider's equity in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, the shareholding of the shareholder includes his or her own shares plus the shares that he or she has delivered to a trust and has the right to decide the use of the trust property, etc. Please refer to the Market Observation Post System for information on insider's equity declaration.